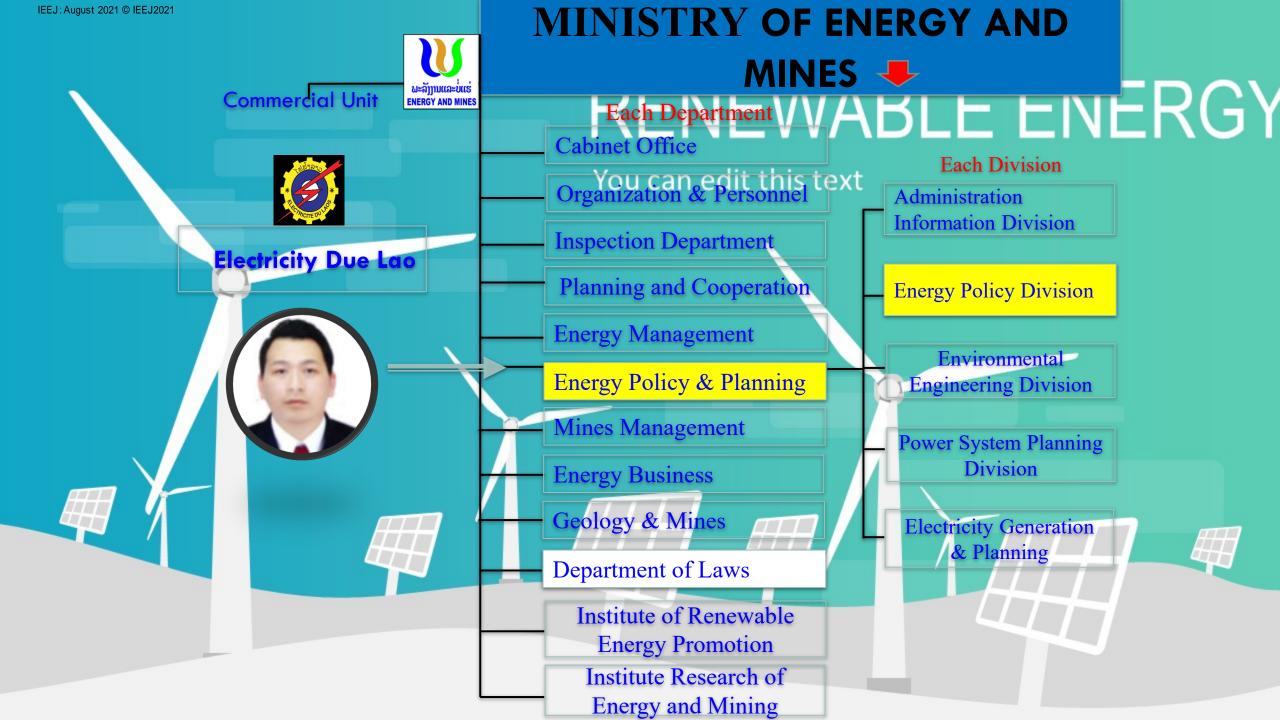




- 1. General Information of Lao PDR
- 2. Current Energy Policy and Measures
- 3. Past Energy demand and Supply Statistics
- 4. Outlook of Energy demand and Supply
- 5. Major difficulties and bottlenecks currently faced formulating Energy Policies
- 6. Subject you would like to study in the order of priority and the reason

GENERAL INFORMATION OF LAO PDR







Country Background

- National Goal to graduate from a least-development Country status by 2020
- Energy sector is one of important driving forces to social and economic growth
- Upgraded and revised the policy on sustainable hydro development to ensure that hydropower development is truly sustainable in the longer term and effective mitigation of negative impacts on the local environment and affected population, including protection of the watershed

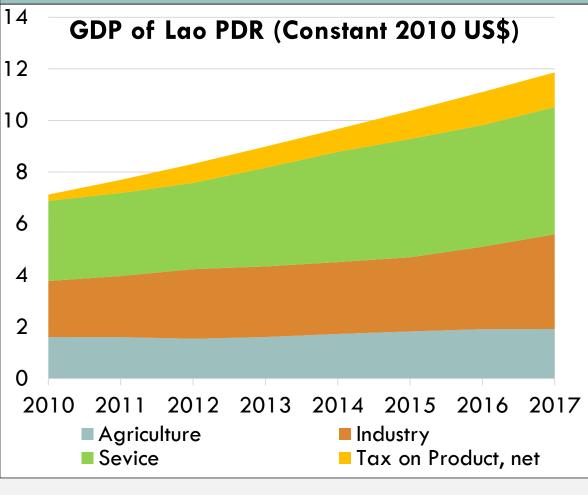


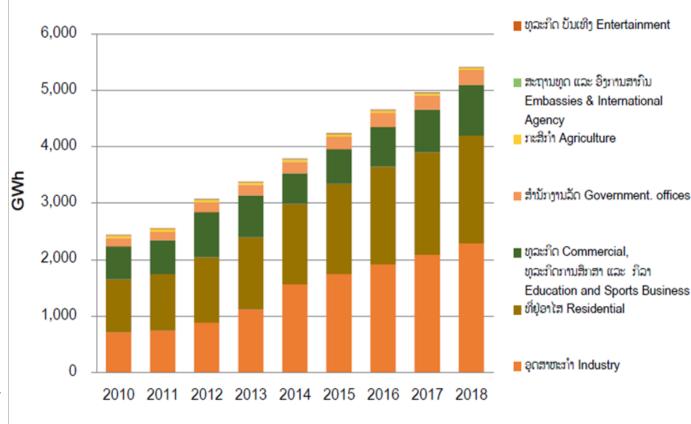
CURRENT ENERGY POLICY AND MEASURES

- Government has been approval Promulgation of the "Policy on Sustainable Hydropower Development in Lao PDR".
- Ministry of Energy and Mines has been approval guideline Policy on Sustainable Hydropower Development in Lao PDR.
- Daft Decree on Electrical Tariff Structure for Support to Agriculture and Industry Growth
- Daft Decree on Small Hydropower Development for implement to guide monitoring in feasibility study of hydropower
- Development Power Industry Supply
- Development NPDP
- Increase a share of bio-fuel consumption in Transport Sector up to 30% by 2020;
- Establish a National Policy of Renewable Strategic Policy;
- Establish a National Strategic Plan for Bio- fuel development.

PAST ENERGY DEMAND AND SUPPLY STATISTICS

Social and Economic Situation

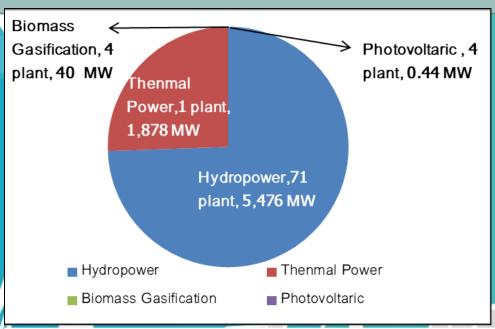


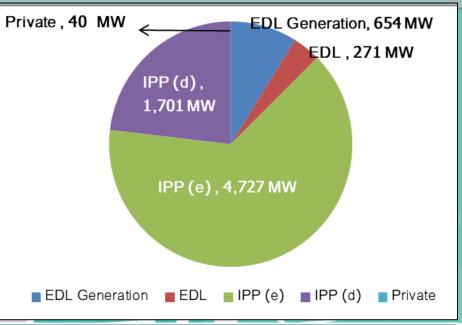


ຣູບ 2- 1: ເສັ້ນສະແດງສະຖິຕິການຊົມໃຊ້ໄຟຝ້າຂອງຂະແໜງການທົ່ວປະເທດ



ELECTRICITY GENERATION IN 2019





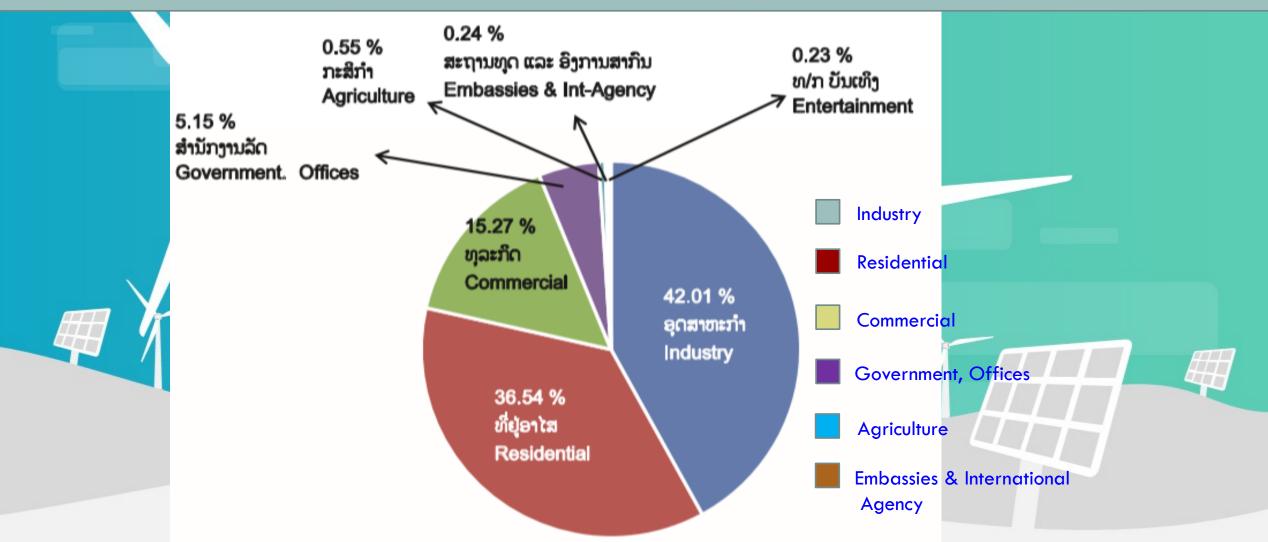
/	Source	Installed Capacity (MW)	Percentage (%)
	Hydropower	5,476	73.18595
	Thermal Power	1,878	26.44664
	Biomass Gasification	0.4	0.3591
	Photovoltaic	0.0	0.008309
	Solar		
	Total	7,382	100



ELECTRICITY GENERATION IN 2010-2017

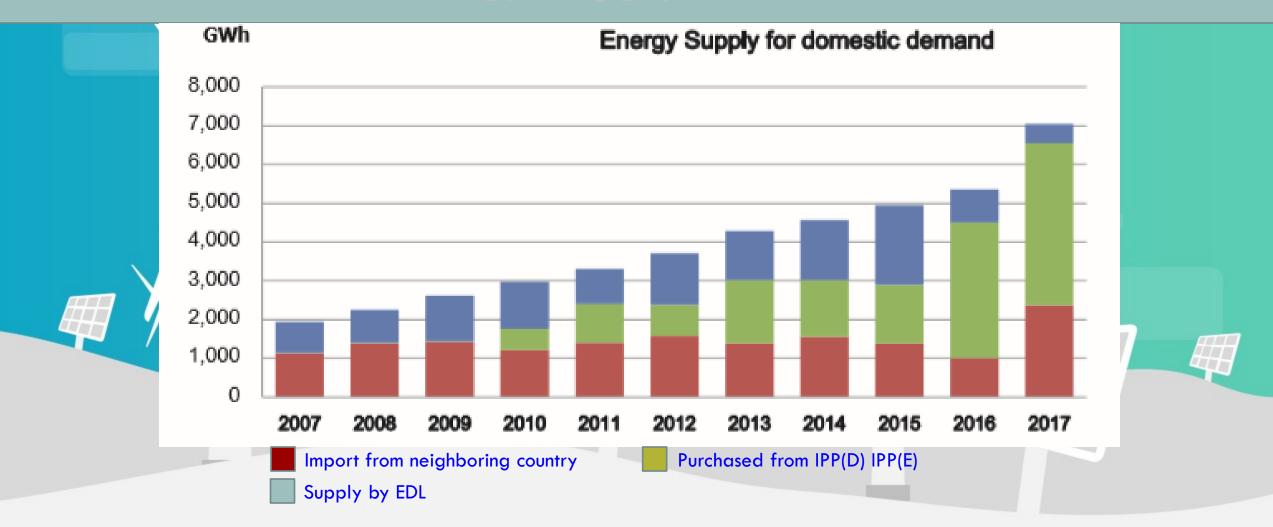


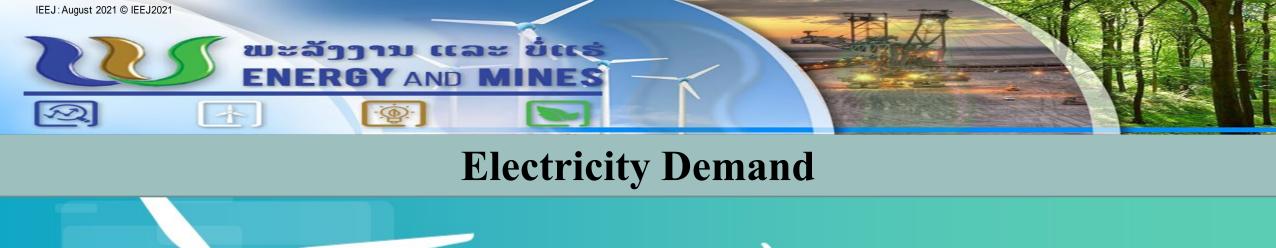
Energy Demand and Supply 2010-2017

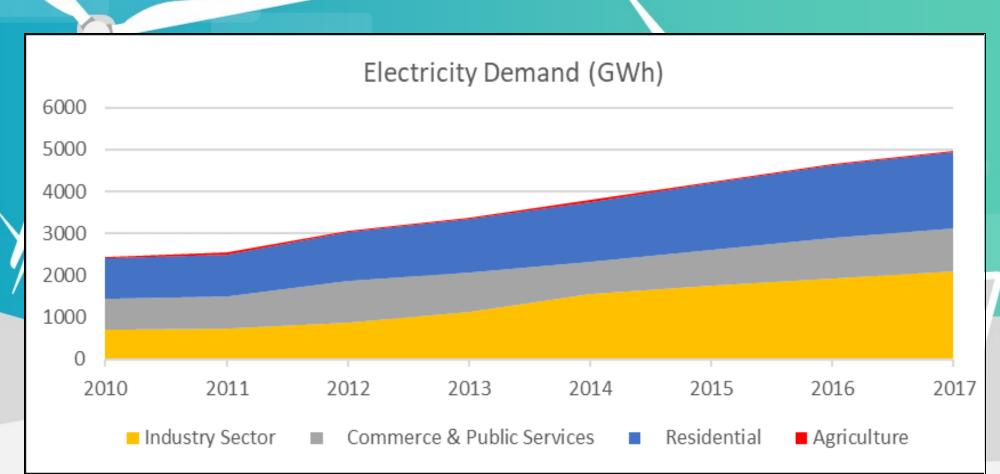




Energy Supply 2007-2017









MAJOR DIFFICULTIES AND BOTTLENECKS CURRENTLY FACED FORMULATING ENERGY POLICIES

No integrated national energy policy and no clear on existing vision to cover all energy subsector

Certain energy policy mainly focuses on electricity

Manpower with the sufficient and strong knowledge of know-how, experiences and skill strategic planning is still limited.

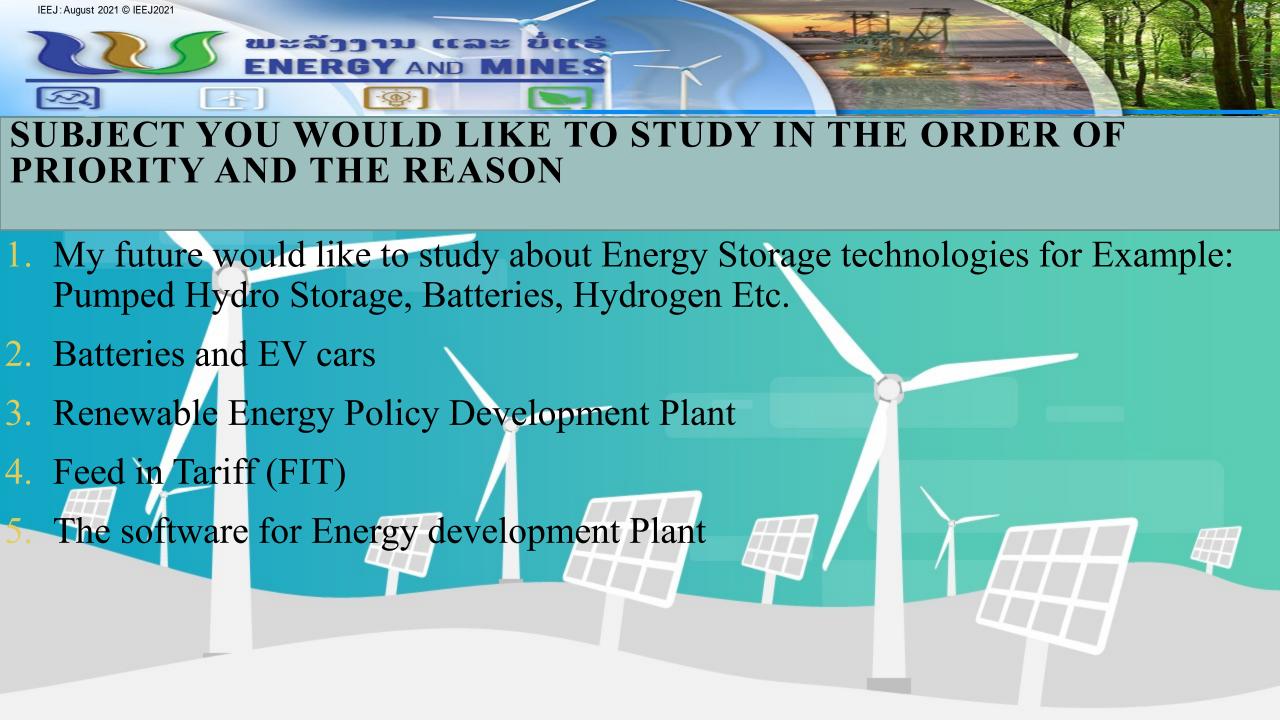
Responsibilities among related agencies are not clearly descried and coordinated.

We problem with summary energy data

Lack of data and information of all sub-sectors of energy,

The limitation of manpower,

Mandate among agencies are not clearly described and coordinated.





Hydropower resource is the most abundant energy resource in Lao PDR

All petroleum products consumed are imported

Energy use in the country is mainly in the form of traditional fuels, i.e. the use of biomass such as wood and charcoal for cooking and heating in rural areas

Review the existing policy measures with view to developing more cost effective policies and to adjust the new energy policy.

