

#### **SOUTH AFRICA COUNTRY REPORT 2025**

JAPAN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AGENCY (JICA)

Prepared by

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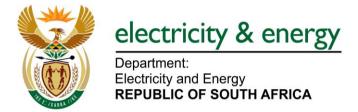






#### Presentation outline

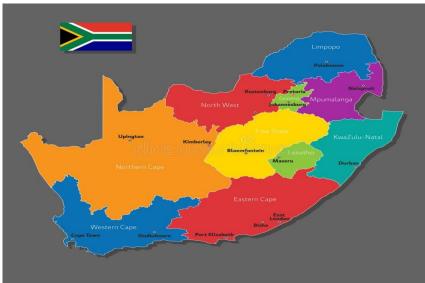
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- 5 Outlook of Energy Demand and Supply
- 6 Current energy policy and measures
- 7 Major Difficulties and Bottlenecks
- 8 Subjects of interests





#### **South Africa Country Profile**





electricity & energy

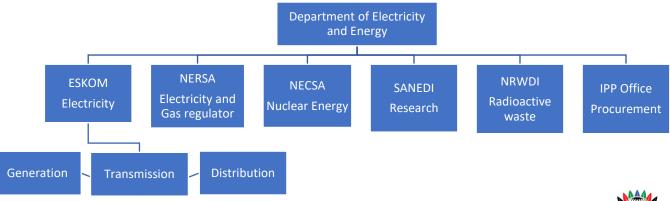
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Department:

Electricity and Energy

- **South Africa**, officially the Republic of South Africa (RSA), is in the Southern most part of Africa.
- It is a Constitutional democracy government (The Constitution is the highest law)
- South Africa's total surface area is 1,22 million square kilometres. It's the 24th-largest country in the world. It is the ninth-biggest country in Africa
- It consist of nine provinces
- South African has 12 official languages

#### **Department of Electricity and Energy Organisation structure**





### **Key Economic Indicators**

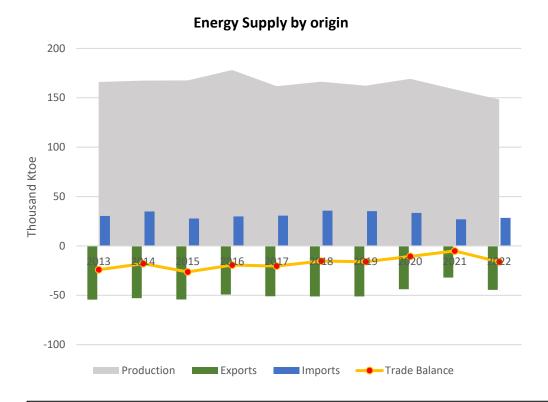
- GDP R7.3 trillion (approximately \$400.19 billion)
- GDP per capita \$6,331 in 2024
- Consumer Price Index (CPI) 3.2% in February 2025
- Population 62.02 million (2024 mid-year population estimate)
  - Population with access to electricity in 2023 87.7%
  - Population with access to clean cooking and technologies in 2022 89.4%
- Unemployment rate 27.24% in 2024
- Government Deficit \$699.5 billion in 2024 (4.9% of GDP)
- Exchange Rate R/\$ 18.11 (the average for the period 2 May 2025 to 29 May 2025)

\* Sources: Statistics South Africa, South African Reserve Bank, National Treasury





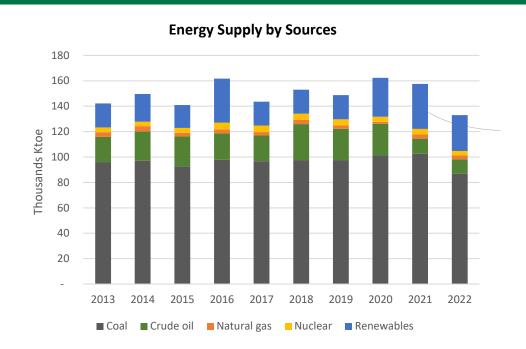
### Primary Energy Supply Trade balance and by source

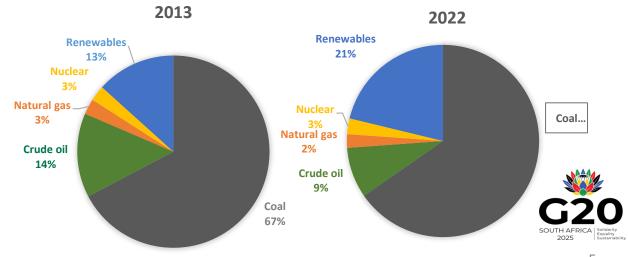


- The overall production is declining
- The trade balance is positive though slightly decreasing
- Coal is still the dominant fuel, followed by renewables

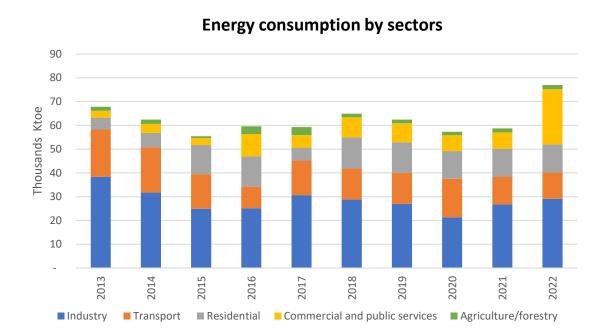
<sup>\*</sup>Source: Department of electricity and energy, South Africa

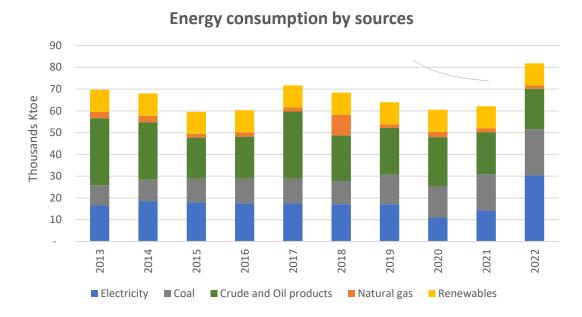






### Final energy consumption by sectors and energy sources



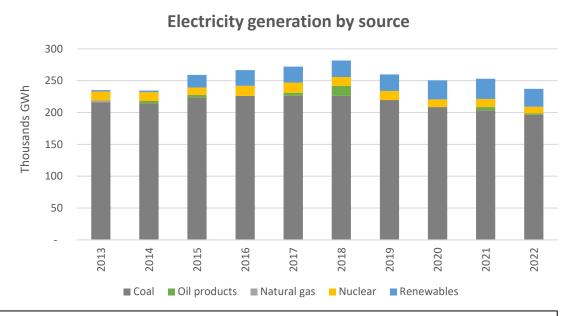


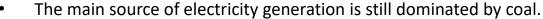
- Industry dominated by the mining and quarrying sub-sector (18%), Iron and steel at 16%, Petrochemical and non-ferrous metals contributed 11% are the dominant consumer of energy.
- The residential and commercial sector have also gained the highest share with time.
- The energy consumption have grown by 17% from 2013 to 2022, with the highest source coming from electricity, coal and crude products respectively.





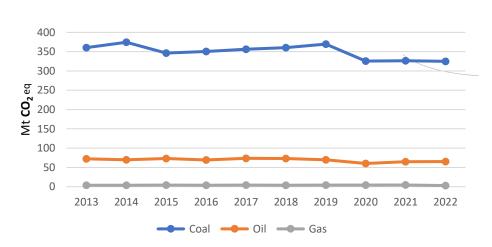
## Electricity generation and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by energy sources

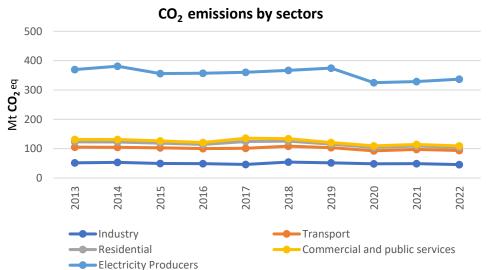




- Renewables's share have been growing with years, following the South African government introducing an increase in the amount of renewable energy in the nation's energy mix.
- Coal remails a significant contributor to the country's greenhouse gas emissions, however decreased from 361 in 2013 to 325 in 2022 MtCO2.
- Electricity producers are a significant contributor to emissions when burning fuels to generate electricity

#### CO<sub>2</sub> emissions by sources



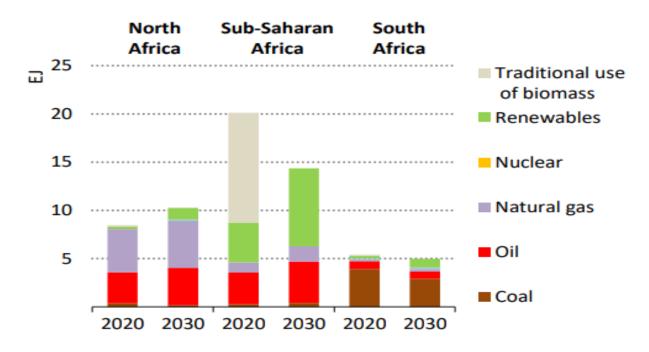






### Primary energy supply projections by sources

#### **Energy supply by sources outlook**



 The role of coal in South African industry is decreasing, while that of renewables and gas is increasing in both the scenarios.

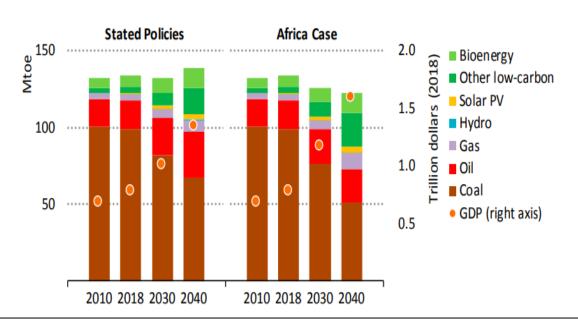
<sup>\*</sup>Source: Left: African Energy Outlook, 2022. Right: Department of electricity and energy IEP South Africa

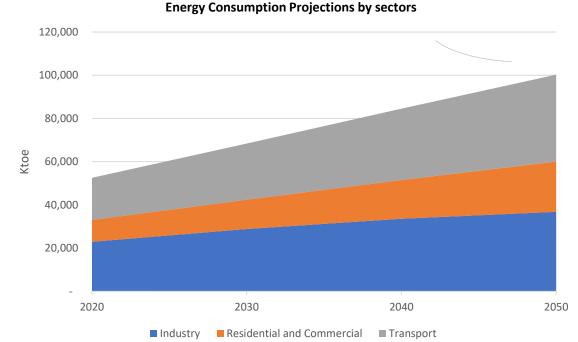




## Final energy consumption projections by sectors and energy sources

#### **Energy consumption by sources outlook**





- The role of coal in South African industry is decreasing, while that of renewables and gas is increasing in both the scenarios.
- The demand of energy across the sectors is expected to increase in the future.

<sup>\*</sup>Source: Left: African Energy Outlook, 2022. Right: Department of electricity and energy IEP South Africa

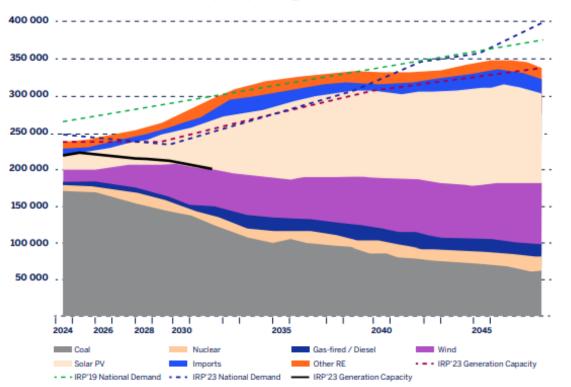




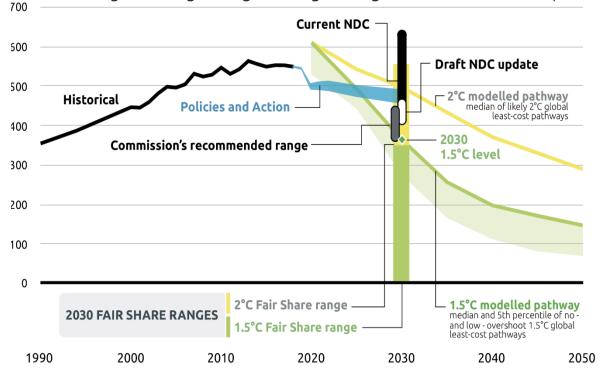
## Electricity generation and emission projections

#### Generation per Technology (in GWhs)

Total Generation per Technology (incl. peaking in GWhs)



**SOUTH AFRICA** Presidential climate commission recommends stronger NDC mitigation target range: strongest target closer to 1.5°C compatible



\*Source: Left: Standard Bank Energy Markt Projections 2024. Right: Climateactiontracker.org





### Current energy policy and measures

#### **Current Energy Policies**

Just Energy Transition.

Energy security of supply

Energy Efficient

#### Measures

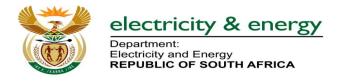
- Low-Emission Development Strategy Double investment, NDP emission targets, Carbon tax introduction and clean energy technologies to achieve net-zero targets.
- Diversifying its energy mix, improving infrastructure
- Setting Energy efficient targets through National Energy Efficiency Strategy (NEES)





## Major difficulties and bottlenecks

- Lack of strategic direction
- Lack of finance/investment
- Inadequate planning
- Balancing competing priorities
- Implementation of Policies





### **Subjects of Interest**

#### Personal

- How other countries does their energy planning
- Data collection and verification process
- Modelling techniques from Supply and Demand
- Energy forecasting
- Energy Scenario development
- Understanding clean energy technologies
- Side events

#### Supervisor

- Energy Scenario development
- Energy planning processes
- Data collection and verification process
- Understanding various energy modelling techniques from Supply and Demand
- Energy forecasting





## Thank you







#### Annual Average Eskom Prices by Customer Category in cents per kilowatts hour

	Bulk	Domestic and Street lighting	Commercial	Industrial	Mining	Rural / Farming	Traction/ Rail	International	Average for all categories
2011/2012	49,96	79,52	65,92	42,13	50,11	89,22	58,23	37,53	50,27
2012/2013	54,59	87,05	73,24	45,56	55,74	99,75	68,66	42,72	58,49
2013/2014	60,67	92,41	82,67	51,79	64,66	108,75	77,34	47,56	62,82
2014/2015	65,92	98,06	89,16	56,81	69,52	115,66	83,63	52,55	67,91
2015/2016	74,11	108,11	100,07	62,64	78,01	128,19	96,60	59,82	76,24
2016/2017	81,38	118,60	109,09	67,71	84,80	141,70	104,95	70,77	83,60
2017/2018	82,94	118,56	111,25	70,02	86,91	142,78	100,10	62,42	85,06
2018/2019	88,53	125,73	117,30	73,99	91,64	149,79	110,17	66,13	90,01
2019/2020	99,62	142,29	134,15	82,79	104,41	170,52	127,81	80,51	101,86
2020/2021	109,44	154,57	147,52	90,03	113,77	187,91	154,17	76,93	111,04

Source: Eskom





#### **2022** Monthly Natural Gas Prices in Rand per Gigajoule

	Maximum price	Class 1	Class 2	Class 3	Class 4	Class 5	Class 6
		33 GJ	333 GJ	3 333 GJ	33 333 GJ	333 333 GJ	1 054 093 GJ
Jan	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94
Feb	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94
Mar	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94
Apr	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94
May	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94
Jun	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94
Jul	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94
Aug	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94
Sep	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94
Oct	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94
Nov	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94
Dec	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94	63,94

Source: SASOL

#### Annual average local and export coal prices in Rand per ton

	Coal Bit	uminous	Coal Anthracite		
Period	Average Price Exports (FOB)	Average Price Local Sales (FDR)	Average Price Exports (FOB)	Average Price Local Sales (FOR)	
2012	682,62	231,68	961,39	957,20	
2013	692,50	263,20	898,57	923,07	
2014	677,74	292,46	712,64	984,52	
2015	627,65	308,65	773,99	1028,79	
2016	732,62	332,81	694,35	608,65	
2017	852,61	359,66	732,83	1088,18	
2018	966,74	391,91	1044,75	1054,73	
2019	783,66	432,19	1020,26	1200,75	
2020	764,25	443,09	719,67	1037,50	
2021	1385	475	1013	1182	

Source: Department of Mineral Resources and Energy (DMRE)





# **2022** Monthly Regulated Maximum Retail Prices for LPG in cents per kilogram

n	Regulated Maximum Retail Prices				
Period	Inland	Coastal			
Jan	3500	3259			
Feb	3376	3134			
Mar	3446	3204			
Apr	3696	3454			
May	3765	3523			
Jun	3714	3472			
Jul	3496	3255			
Aug	3553	3311			
Sep	3388	3146			
Oct	3407	3166			
Nov	3309	3068			
Dec	3403	3146			

Source: Department of Mineral Resources and Energy (DMRE)

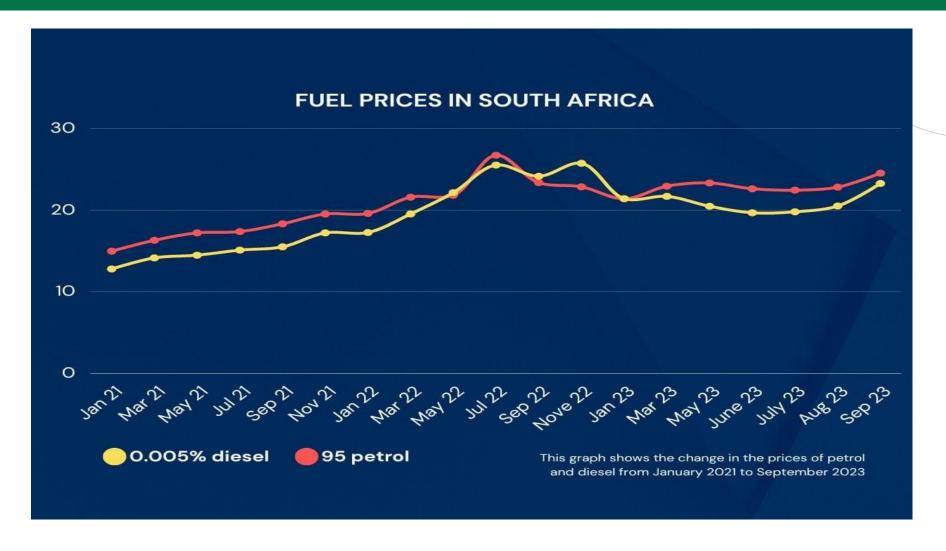


#### 2022 Monthly Illuminating Paraffin Prices in cents per litre



Source: Department of Mineral Resources and Energy (DMRE)









### **Energy-Related Investment**

- Just Energy Transition Investment Plan
- Clean Energy Investment a shift in investment flows away from fossil fuels is needed to develop a reliable clean energy supply in South Africa
- Investment in energy infrastructure
- Investment in the upstream sector (Oil and Gas)



