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### Global Agenda for G7 Hiroshima Summit Energy Security, Environment and Economic Efficiency

#### The 9<sup>th</sup> IEEJ Webinar for the World

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## **Emerging energy landscapes**



- Instability in the global energy markets
- Energy security and the role of government
- Challenges for climate change policy
- Geopolitical tensions and the importance of Asia
- Toward the G7 Hiroshima Summit
- Japan's "S+3E" challenges in 2023 and beyond



## Instability in the global energy markets

- Uncertainty over Ukraine crisis and Russian energy
- Concerns over gas/LNG crisis?
- Supply disruptions in major global energy supply chain
- Challenges for power market stability
- Negative impacts of higher energy prices
- Slowdown in global economy and China factor
- Importance of OPEC plus, US Shale, response measures taken by major suppliers
  - **2023 global energy market continues to be volatile**

## Energy security and the role of government



- EU struggles to phase-out Russian energy dependence
- Impacts on developing countries and their strategy
- US energy policy after the mid-term election
- How things are moving by energy source
- Promotion of nuclear power
- Acceleration of RE and EE
- Stable procurement of fossil fuels and gas/LNG investment
- Speed up for hydrogen and innovation

#### Government involvement increased

- Energy subsidies
- Investment, long-term commitment, nationalization, etc.
- Government hands needed to deal with externalities

### **Energy security continued to be highlighted**

## **Challenges for climate change policy**



- Decarbonization remains strategically important
- Emerging short-term backlash to decarbonization
- Impact of high energy price on lower income societies
- Complications for global climate negotiation
- Simultaneous pursuit of energy security & climate policy
- Pragmatic approach based on the reality as the key
- 2023 may turns out to be a crossroad

## Geopolitical tensions and the importance of Asia

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- Ukraine crisis and the worsened divide of the world
- West vs China-Russia tension & North-South problem
- Uncertainties in the Middle East
- China after "zero-corona" policy
- Rising importance of India and ASEAN
- Integration of energy and economic security?
- Global geopolitics and the divide as key issue in 2023

## **Toward G7 Hiroshima Summit**



- G7 needs to contribute to global interests/stability
- Highlight on Japan's leadership
- G7 needs to enhance global energy market stability and global energy security
- Secure needed investment in LNG and others for market stabilization
- Prevent "zero-sum game resource competition"
- Cooperation in nuclear, hydrogen, RE and others
- To reflect the voice of Asia and producers
- > Role of gas/LNG, multi-step transition, Transition Finance, Avoided emission
- Inclusive approach with producers and consumer-producer dialogue

#### Japan's role to lead G7 to contribute to global interests

### G7 Summit, critical occasion to address global agenda

## Japan's "S+3E" challenges in 2023 and beyond

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#### Toward achievement of 2030 energy mix target

- Nuclear re-start, life-time extension and new build/replacement
- LNG and fossil fuel security of supply
- Challenges for maximum introduction of RE and EE
- Promotion of innovation: hydrogen, ammonia, CCS/CCUS, etc.
- Realization of GX (Green Transformation) plan

#### Discussion for the next Strategic Energy Plan

- **Strategic consideration needed to enhance energy security under the new situation**
- > Energy policy with due consideration of "limitation of market mechanism"
- Roadmap needed to realize decarbonization and energy security
- > Energy policy needs to address innovation and long-term economic growth

#### Japan stands at a crossroads for energy policy in 2023