

DENSO



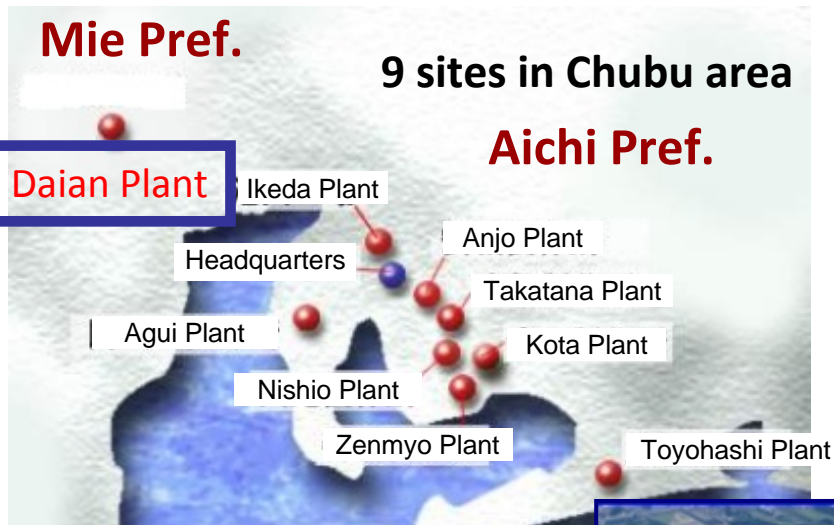
DENSO

Theme: Activation of Energy-Saving Initiatives through Establishment of Energy-Effective Organization & Development of New Technologies

T. Ohta, Manufacturing Planning Office, Functional Products Manufacturing Dept., Denso Corporation

1. Corporate Profile

Domestic Sites



Daian Plant (Inabe City, Mie Pref.)
 (Functional Products Manufacturing Dept., Ignition Manufacturing Dept., Driving Safety Manufacturing Dept., Ceramics Manufacturing Dept.)
Type-1 Designated Energy Management Factory



Major Products

- Environment** (Functional Products Manufacturing Dept.)
 - ISCV (Idle Speed Control Valve)
 - VCT (Variable Cam Timing)
 - OCV (Oilflow Control Valve)
- Comfort**
 - Car air-conditioning system
 - Air cleaners, etc.
- Convenience**
 - Car navigation system
 - ETC on-board equipment
 - Remote security system
- Safety**
 - Sensing system for driving assist system
 - ABS/ESC actuators & ECUs
 - Airbag sensors and ECUs / Vehicle periphery monitoring system
 - Combination meters ... etc.



We deliver satisfaction to our customers by offering attractive products.



2. Denso's Environment Policy

Denso Eco Vision 2015

Eco-Management

Improvement & Expansion of Eco-Management

Eco-Products

Development & Designing Ensuring Both Eco-Friendliness & Advanced Performance

Eco-Factory

Eco-Friendly

Cross-company collaboration & improved provision of information concerning eco-activities

Constant Reduction of Impact on the Global Production Environment

CO₂ Reduction in Production & Logistics Activities

1. Production

- Epoch-making improvement in productivity (e.g. innovative production technologies)
- Building of a change-resistant, energy-saving structure and achievement of significant improvements in per-unit CO₂ emissions by promoting "Energy JIT"^{*1} and other activities designed to halve the energy consumption in a long run.

^{*1} JIT: Just In Time

Emission per sales^{*2}: Reduction by 60% from the 1990 level
 Emission: Reduction by 7% from the 1990 level^{*3}

^{*2} Physical production value (Actual production value adjusted for selling price, etc.)

^{*3} Average for the 2008-2012 period.

2. Logistics

Worldwide energy-saving by ensuring efficient transportation and eco-driving.

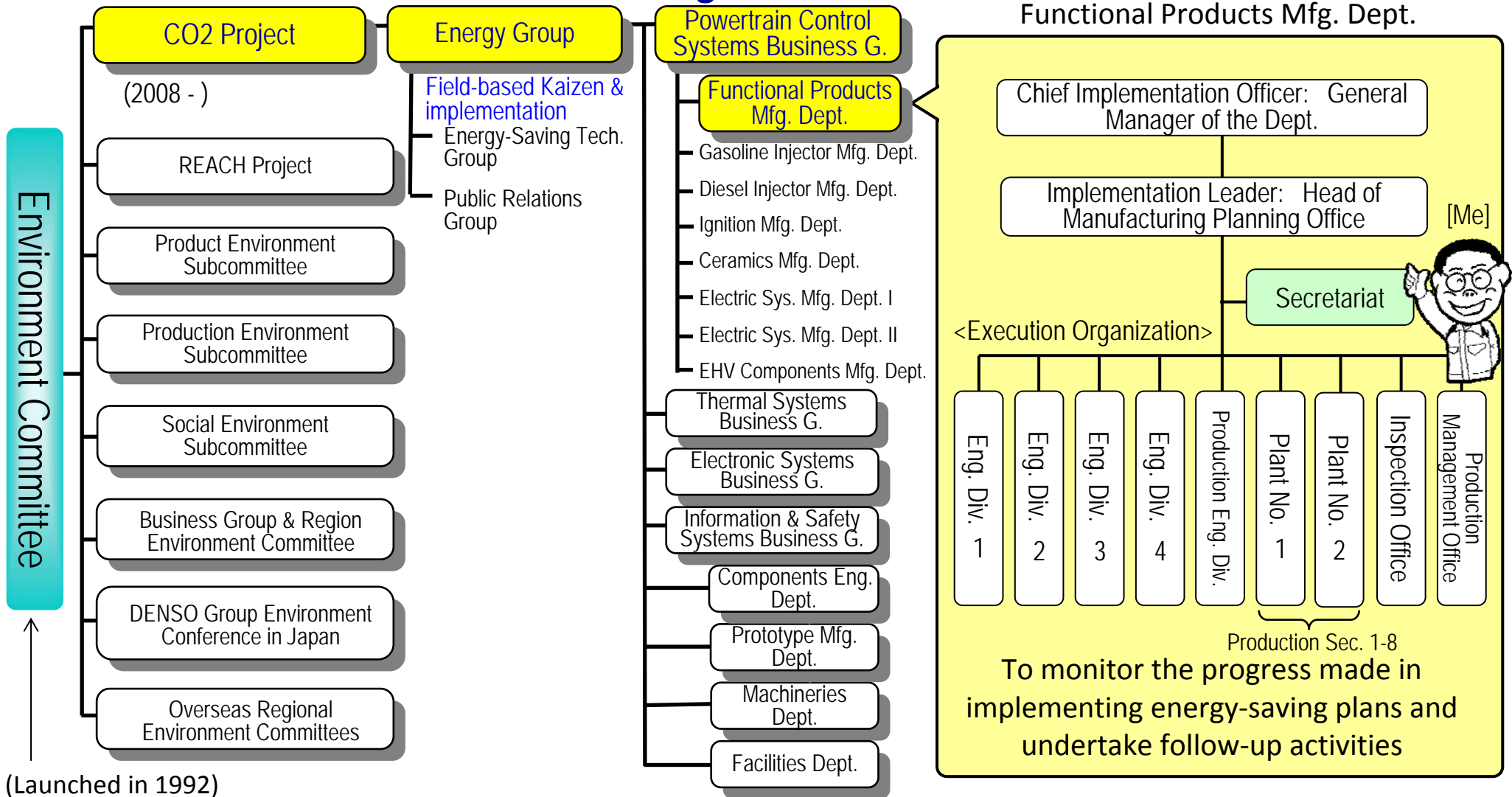


We are engaged in continuous eco-activities to achieve numerical targets.

DENSO

3. Energy Management System

Environment Committee & Action Organization



The Manufacturing Department is working as one team to implement initiatives and achieve the company's common goals.

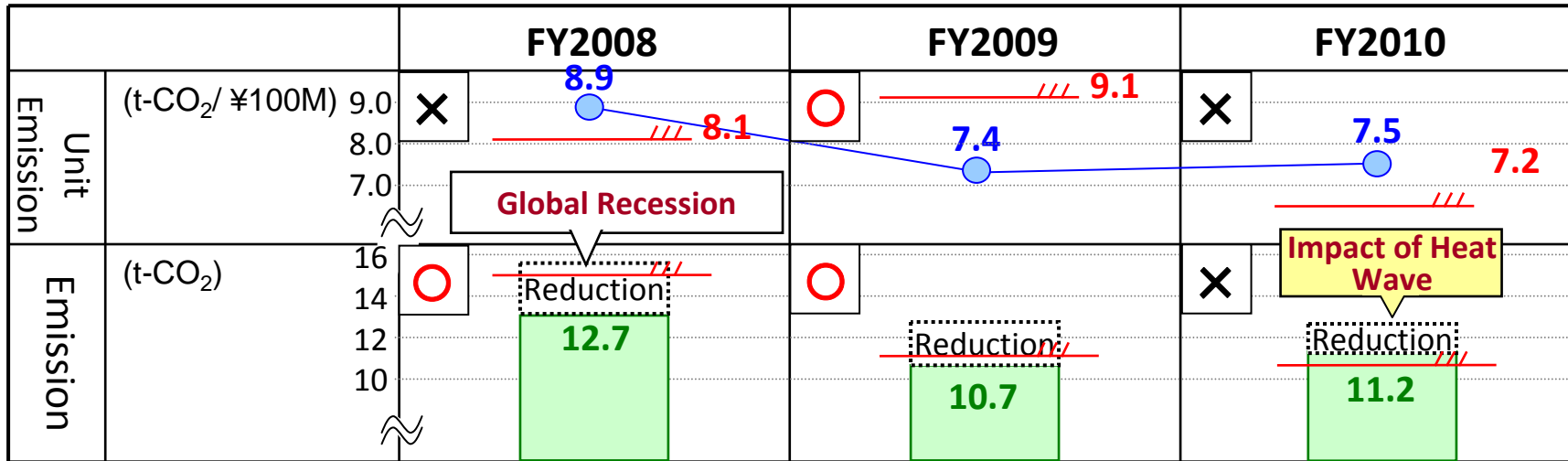


4. Performance in Past 3 Years and Goals for FY2011

Reduction in CO2 Emission

(1,000t-CO ₂)		FY2008		FY2009		FY2010	
Target		2.29	Evaluation	1.67	Evaluation	1.27	Evaluation
Actual		2.42	○	1.74	○	1.37	○

Unit CO₂ Emission & CO₂ Emission



Unit CO₂ emission goals were not achieved due to external factors.

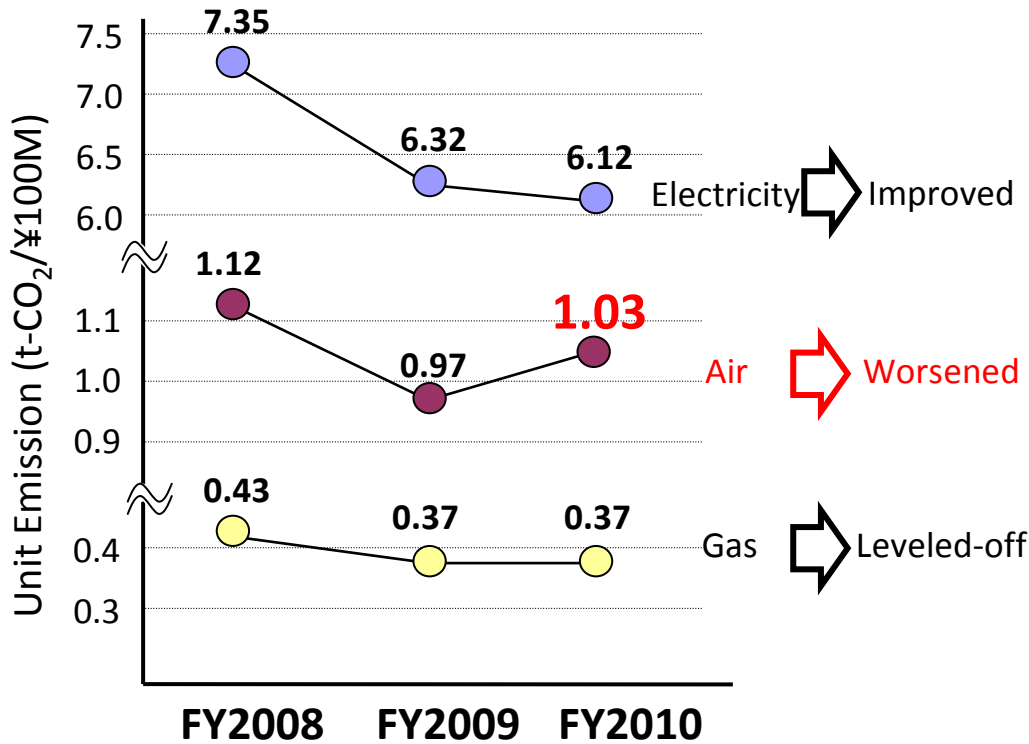
Goal Setting for FY2011

Company-Wide	<p><Baseline Goal> Continuous reduction in unit CO₂ emission (40% or more lower than the 1990 level)</p> <p><Internal Stretch Goal> Improvement of unit CO₂ emission by 3% on a Y-o-Y basis</p>	Functional Products	<p>Unit CO₂ emission: 7.31t-CO₂/¥100M or lower</p> <p>Reduction in CO₂ emission: 710t-CO₂ or more</p> <p>⇒ Stretch Goal: 1,065t-CO₂</p>	<p>150% of company mandate</p>
	<p>We will continue our efforts toward achieving the unit emission target even if we face unexpected external factors similar to those in 2010.</p>			



5. Current Energy Consumption by Manufacturing Dept.

Changes in unit CO₂ emission by energy

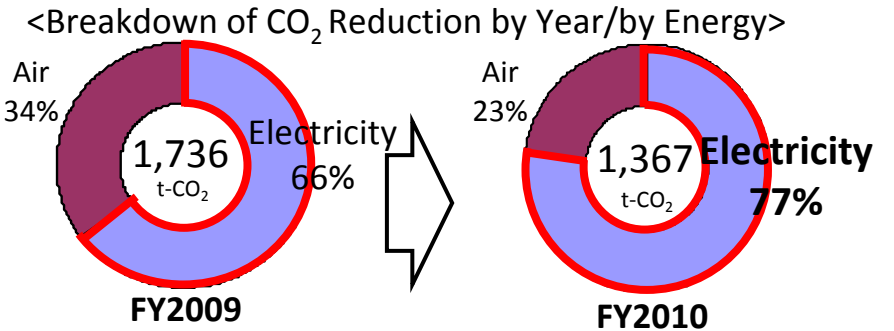


The unit air consumption has been worsening.

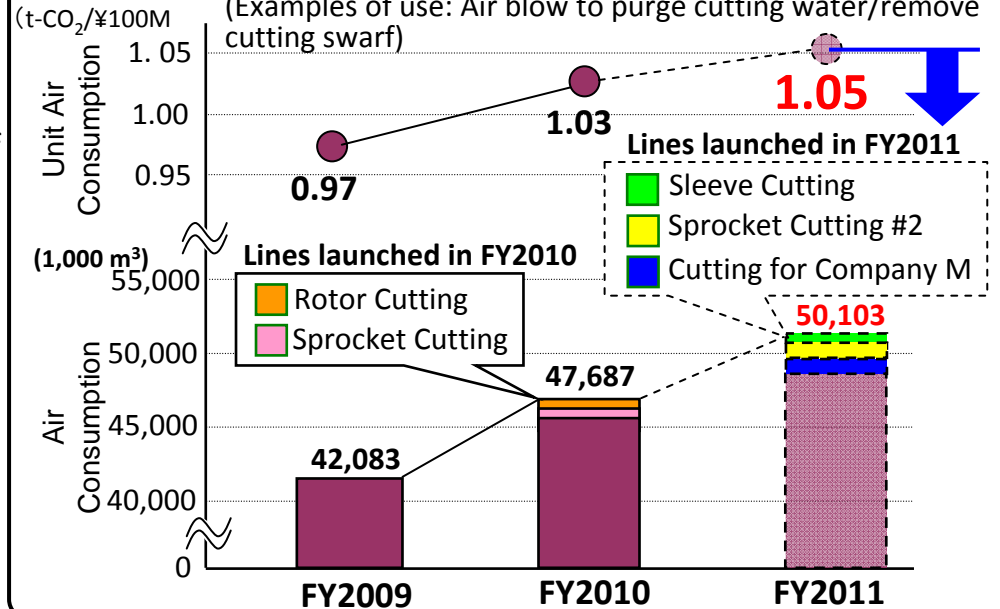
Reduce the rising air consumption and improve the unit air consumption.

Factors of the Increase in Unit Air Consumption

Factor 1. Our FY2010 Kaizen activities focused on the saving of electricity.



Factor 2. The cutting-process in-sourcing increased air usage. (Examples of use: Air blow to purge cutting water/remove cutting swarf)



6. Review & Analysis of Air Reduction Initiatives

■ Verification of Implementation Using Kaizen Matrix

● : Implemented ○ : To be implemented — : N/A

<In the past: Improvement > **<Kaizen needs are prioritized in order of air consumption/unit>**

Process	Line Name	Mon. Ave. (m³/m)	Process	Line Name	Usage per Unit (m³/unit)	Mon. Ave. (m³/m)	Washing M/C		Air Purge			Air Blow		
							Shift to blowers	Pressure Reduction	Shift to C/Ps	Intermittent Control	Pressure Reduction	Intermittent Control	Pressure Reduction	Connection to standby
Cut	VCT Rotor #4		Cut	VCT Rotor #4	4.2	82,996	—	○	○	●	●	○	○	●
Assy	Intake VCT #7	180,0	Assy	Intake VCT #1	3.2	45,958	—	—	—	—	—	●	●	●
Assy	High-vacuum DS	157,6	Assy	ECT #2	2.5	54,212	—	—	—	—	—	●	●	●
Assy	Intake VCT #6	123,6	Cut	NP2 Cutting	2.4	87,397	—	—	●	●	●	○	○	●
Cut	RII Housing`	106,2	Cut	RII Housing`	2.2	106,258	○	—	●	●	●	○	●	●
Assy	Exhaust VCT #3	103,3	Assy	AT liner #1	1.9	74,139	—	—	—	—	—	●	●	●
Cut	VCT housing`	93,1	Cut	E-VCT Cutting	1.7	70,120	—	—	○	●	○	○	○	●
Assy	APM III Tr #1	89,9	Cut	High-Vacuum DS Off	1.7	12,500	—	—	—	●	●	●	●	●
Assy	Intake VCT #4	89,9												
Assy	OCV V #1	87,9												
Cut	NP2 Cutting	87,9												

Difficulty	Difficult	Easy
Investment	Large	Small
Kaizen Scale	Large	Small

Cutting lines rank high, indicating a lot of Kaizen works to do
 → Assign a person in charge of each item to ensure 100% Kaizen.

Large Air consumption Small

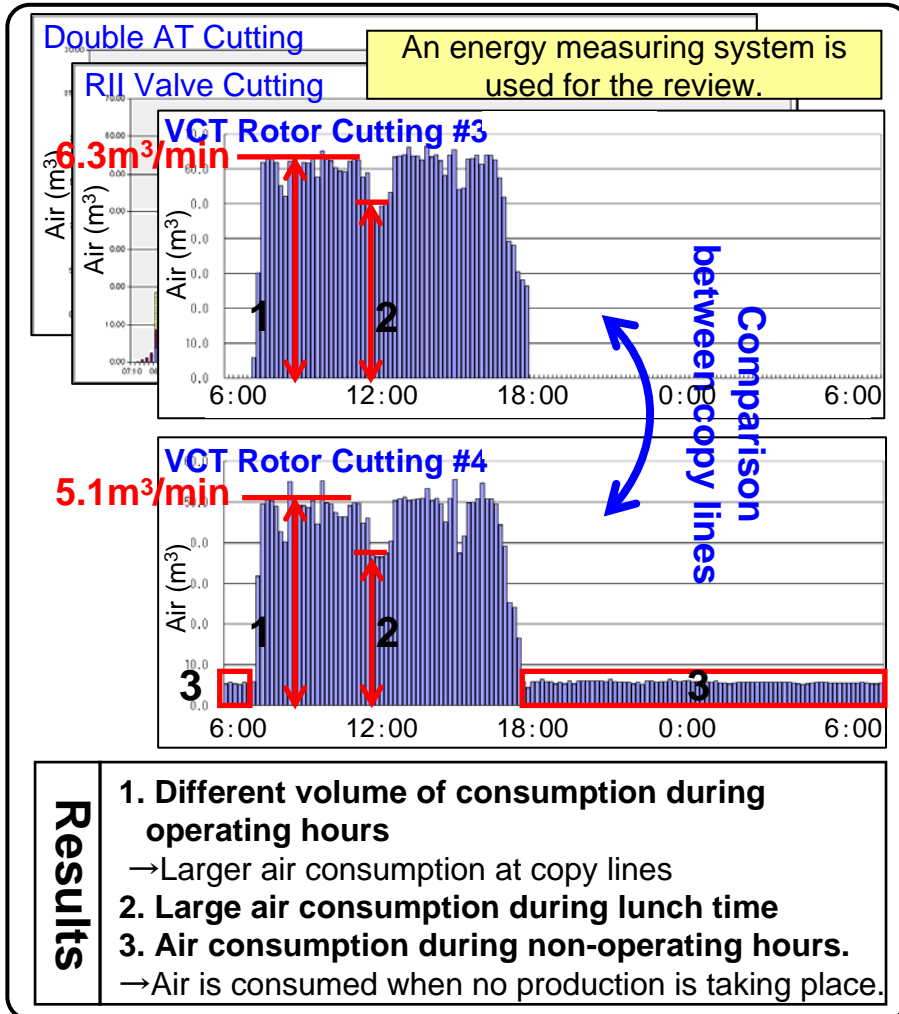
Investigate actual state to exert utmost air reduction efforts in cutting lines.



7. Investigation of Actual State to Exert Utmost Air Reduction Efforts

Procedure: Analyze cutting lines' air consumption to identify all Kaizen opportunities.

Review of Air Consumption by Major Cutting Lines




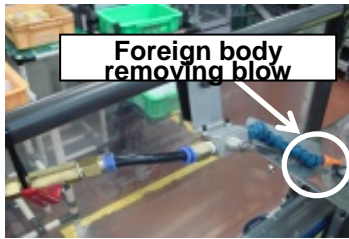
Findings from On-Site Investigation

<List of Inspection Results>

Investigation by Secretariat in Dec. 2010

[Classified by Factor]

- Air reduction with no energy-saving consideration (for quality/productivity improvement)
- Insufficient maintenance & control (administration issue)

1	2	3	Findings
●	●		Continuous air blowing for post- installation improvement  
●			Too long airgun discharge time
■	■	■	Excessive air pressure
■			No use of energy-saving air guns
		■	Incorrect calendar time switch on/off time
■	■	■	Air leakage

Many air-loss cases were identified.

Identify causes by gathering opinions directly from relevant departments.



8. Investigation of Causes for Air Loss (Hearing Directly from Relevant Departments)

Review meeting with relevant departments

Are our energy-saving efforts really paying off?

Air blow is the quickest way to ensure high quality and utilization rate.

Is there any **new and efficient air blow technology** that costs less but makes instant improvements?

Quality & productivity improvement should be prioritized!

We are **too busy to care about energy-saving.**

Air consumption by 10 major cutting lines (by purpose of use)

Purpose of Use	FY2010 (1,000 m³)	FY2011 (Estimate) (1,000 m³)
Air vacuum	14,027,000	15,900,000
Driving force	-	-
Air purge	-	-
Air blow	42%	42%

Air blow accounts for approx. 40%

<True Causes>

1. Although the importance of energy-saving is well recognized, priority is placed on production activities.

2. Kaizen activities to ensure quality and productivity are hindering energy-saving efforts.

<Challenges>

3. Activate energy-saving initiatives by developing human resources who can play an active and leading role in Kaizen efforts. Case 1

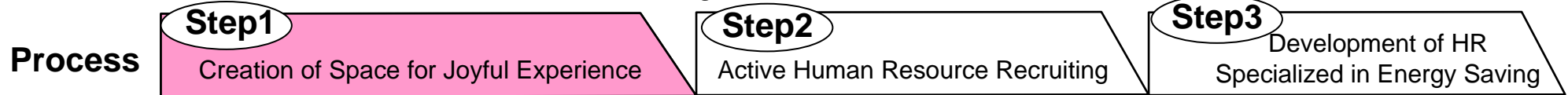
4. Develop a new and low-cost air blow technology that can achieve both improvement in quality/productivity and energy saving. Case 2

Accelerate energy-saving initiatives through human resource and new technology development.



9-1. Case-1 Development of "Core" Human Resources

Challenge: Activate energy-saving initiatives by developing "core" human resources who can play an active and leading role in Kaizen efforts.

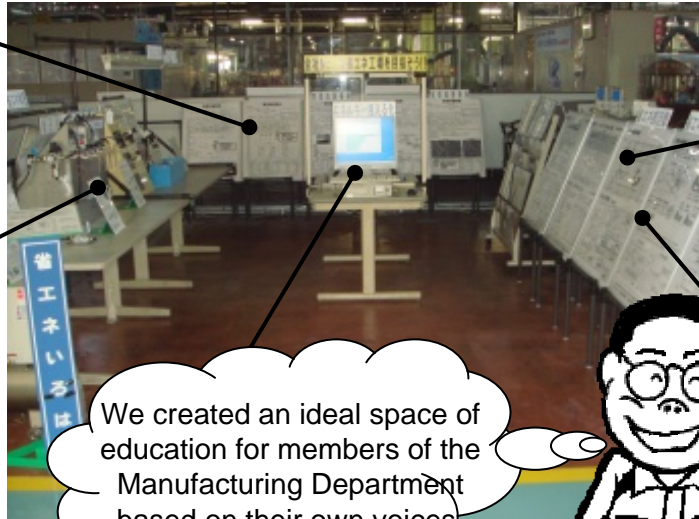


《Horizontal Implementation》
Exhibitions to present intra-department Kaizen efforts and promote their horizontal implementation

《Hands-On Experience》
Visual and tactile experiences to physically feel energy-saving effects



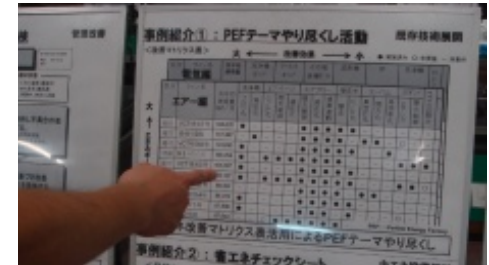
《Launch of "Energy-Saving Basic Learning Center" that provides hands-on experience》



We created an ideal space of education for members of the Manufacturing Department based on their own voices.

《Energy Visualization》
Real-time view of energy consumption at individual production lines and facilities

《Information Provision》
Ideas, tips, and insights to develop energy-saving technologies



《Showcase of Initiatives》
Exhibitions to present company-wide/intra-department energy-saving initiatives and their goals



The Center provides members of the Manufacturing Department with opportunities to learn about energy saving in a nearby place.



9-2. Development of "Core" Human Resources

Process

Step1

Creation of Space for Joyful Experience

Step2

Active Human Resource Recruiting

Step3

Development of HR
Specialized in Energy Saving

Energy-Saving Exhibition

- Sponsored by 8 outside manufacturers (May 27)



11.05.27省エネ展示会 **11年度 省エネ展示会アンケート** 機能品製造部 製造企画室 安全環境課

本日は、省エネ展示会に参加頂きありがとうございます。下記アンケートにご協力をお願いします。尚、アンケート結果は、今後の省エネ推進の参考にさせていただきます。

所属: 機能品の工場 生産課 役職(班長)

1. 展示内容について、該当する項目に○印を記入ください。また、採用したいものがあれば内容も記入ください。

展示社名(受付側より順)	①自職場で直ぐに採用したい	②採用を検討したい	③今回は参考にならなかった	④①、②で○印を付けた方にお聞きします。どんな点(機器名など)を採用したいですか?
90°ニューマテックス株式会社	○			白粉を減らす
230°株式会社(株式会社東芝グループ)		○		エネルギー削減
有限会社キーン・ギンズ			○	
株式会社アール・システムズ			○	
富士電機システムズ株式会社		○		
株式会社オーバル			○	



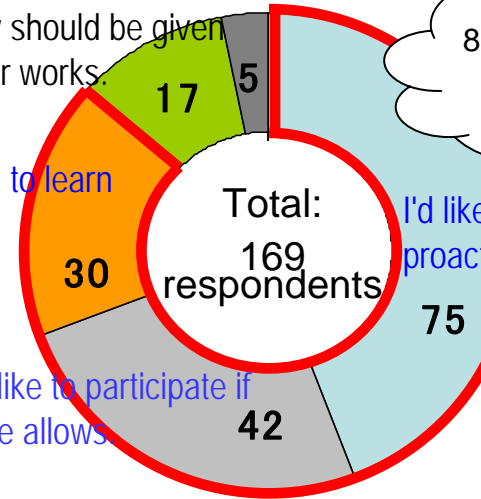
There are a lot of applicable items! We can implement them in our section!

Survey Results

Priority should be given to other works

I need to learn more.

I'd like to participate if time allows

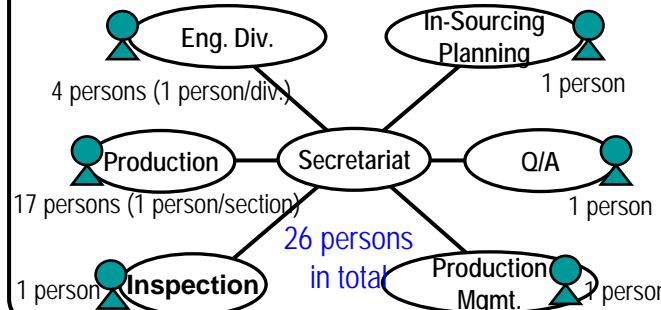


80% or more are interested in energy-saving initiatives.



Submitted a proposal to identify and organize human resources who will become a "core in the field."

Meeting of Energy-Saving Leaders (Organization & Activities)



Approval of the Energy-Saving Committee

- Regular Meeting (Monthly)
- Workshop (Quarterly)
 - Introduction of latest technologies & joint study session with other departments

Energy-saving leaders are to play a central role in promoting energy-saving activities in their workplace.



9-3. Development of "Core" Human Resources

Process

Step1

Creation of Space for Joyful Experience

Step2

Active Human Resource Recruiting

Step3

Development of HR Specialized in Energy Saving

[My Idea] Let people understand Kaizen procedures through practical experience of air leakage repair (HR development)

2nd Leaders' Meeting



Let's eliminate air leakage first!

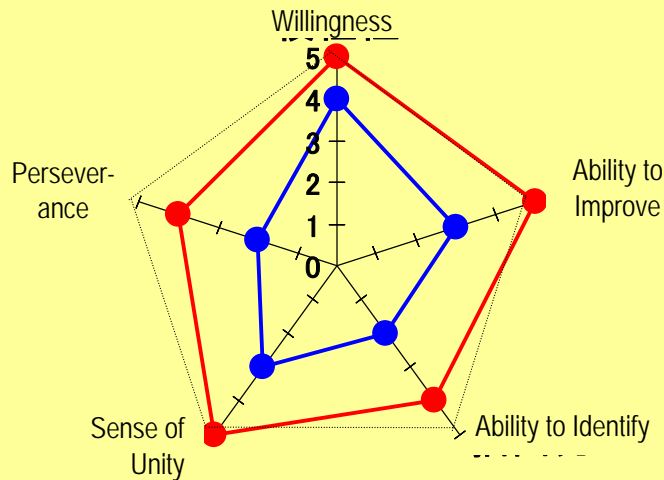
1. Knowledge about air leakage (Launch of the Basic Learning Center)



2. On-site leakage inspection

Results of HR Development

[Evaluation by Leader Meeting Members]



Inspection of all facilities using five senses & testing devices



設備名称	機番No.	機器名称	機器型式	メーカー
1 ピンゲージチェック	SMB-3457	継ぎ手	TU01	SMC
2 洗浄機	SC-2950	レギュレータ	AR20-01B	SMC
3 洗浄機	SC-2950	レギュレータ	AR20-01B	SMC
4 SP組付	AS-6250	ブレードホース		他
5 アジャスト締付	SMB-3451	ブレードホース		他

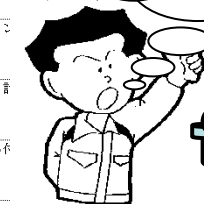
Number of Leakage: 51 (1,860NL/min)

in the Kaizen Timetable/Schedule

改善計画表

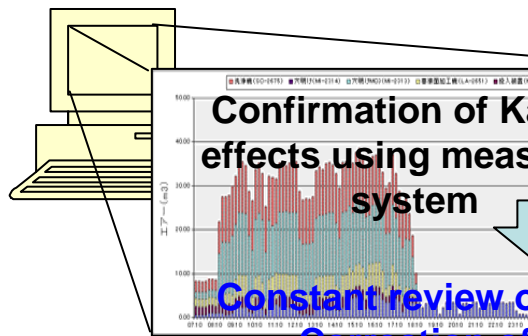
問題点	対策	担当者
ジチェック継ぎ手からエア漏れ	継ぎ手交換	伊藤
エアレギュレータからエア漏れ	レギュレータパッキン交換	
レギュレータの圧力計からエア漏れ	レギュレータの圧力計交換	
SP組付けブレードホースからエア漏れ	ブレードホース締め付け金具交換	

This leak can be fixed by replacing the packing!



Implement Kaizen without fail

4. Confirmation of Practical Effect



Confirmation of Kaizen effects using measurement system

Constant review of air consumption; Correction of defects if any

Repetitive implementation resulted in the rise in energy-saving awareness and activation of initiatives.




10-1. Case 2 Development of New Air Blowing Devices

– Company's First Pulsed-Air Blower


■ Investigation of Actual Air Blow Operation within Department

Blow Method	Image	Air Consumption per location (1,000 m ³ /year) Operation Time:8 hrs	Number of Locations (units)
Connected to Master Valve			
Connected to the Standby Switch			
Intermittent Air Blowing			
Pulse (Electric)	<p>Intermittent and repetitive blows for maximum effect of impingement pressure</p>	<p>Small air consumption; ideal for air-saving</p>	<p>Not wide-spread</p>

■ Reasons impeding the spread of (electric) pulse blow

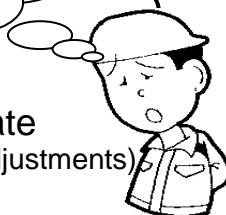


+



1. High initial cost
(Cost to design electric hard/soft circuits; cost to purchase electric parts)
2. Long time required for control/installation; difficult to fabricate
(Wiring on the control board, work to establish connection to the facilities, adjustments)

Is there any easier way to spread the use?



Electromagnetic Valve Controlling Sequencer

Develop a low-cost, easy-to-attach pulse blow device.



10-2. Development of Low-Cost & Easy-to-Attach Pulse Blow Device ^{13/18}

■ Joint Review Meeting with Technology Departments

■ Proposal to the Manufacturer

Can we find any examples in our in-house energy-saving report?

[Machineries] [Production Technology] [Production Promotion] [Production Engineering]

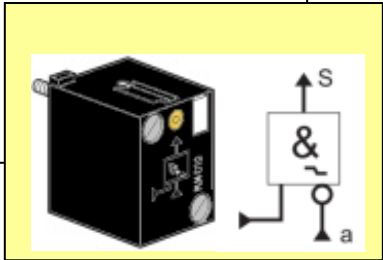
The product will be reliable because Company K has air pump technologies.

There is a device that generates pulses using compressed air only to avoid explosion!

<Investigation on Company K's Air-Pulse Generator>

Air Sequence Device

OR Function
AND Function




<Results>

- There are approx. 40 types of air sequence valves.
- **Threshold function is to switch on and off signals using air pressure differences.**

This function will enable us to shift to the pulse blow system!

We want to develop a **pulse blow device** by combining with existing mechanical valves.

Mechanical valve + Threshold = Combine



Evaluate the feasibility and costs!

[Supervisor]

«Prior Comparison with Conventional Method»

Item		Current (Electric)	Developed (Air)
Kaizen Difficulty Level		Difficult	Easy
Initial Cost	Design Cost	¥20,000	Not required
	Parts Cost	¥70,000	¥40,000
	Construction Time	16H (¥100,000)	4H (¥20,000)
Running Cost		¥100/year (Electricity)	¥800/year (Cost of controlling air)
Total Cost		¥190,000	¥61,000
Payback Period		2.1 years	0.7 year

The development was launched as the air-based system was determined to be superior in all aspects.

The challenge is how to achieve **smooth pulse operation** and **sufficient dispensing volume**!



Fabricate an air pulse blowing device and carry out a test.

10-3. Pulse Operation Test

Operation Check Using a Test Device

<Operation Flow>

5/2 Pulse Generator

1. Signal air pressure is transmitted.	5. The pressure within the generator drops.
2. The pressure within the generator rises.	6. The spool moves.
3. The spool moves.	7. The blow stops.
4. The blow starts.	*The device repeats the process from step 1 through step 7 until the signal air stops.

<Result>
Well worked (repetitive & smooth operation)

The blow does not stop when the signal air pressure drops.

But

The air is blowing unstopped

This is no energy saving.

Signal Air ~~→~~

<Air Circuit>

We made a wrong choice of valves!

Signal air ~~→~~

We need to develop a function that stops the spool at one side.

The device must be improved so that it can be controlled only with the valve and the air circuit.

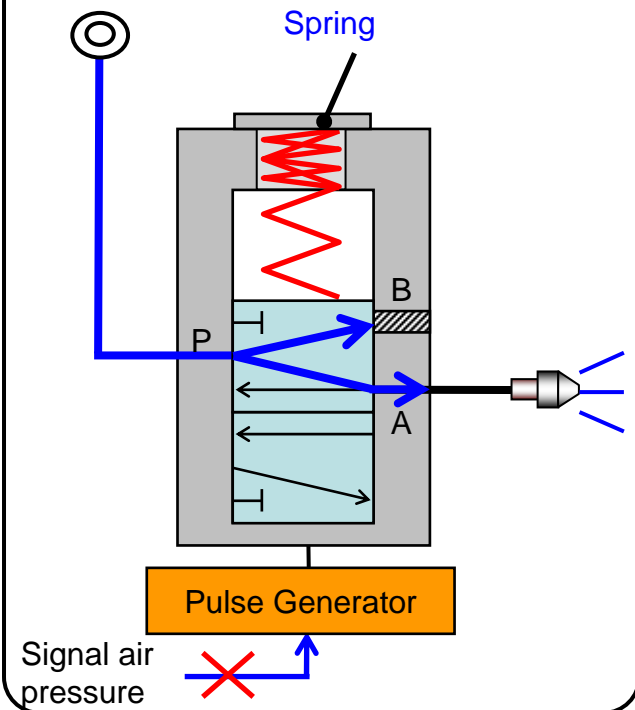


10-4. Improvement of Device & Operation Test

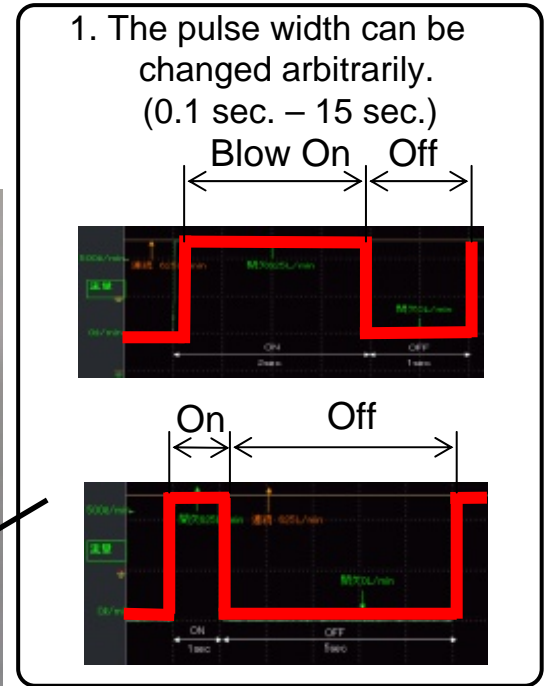
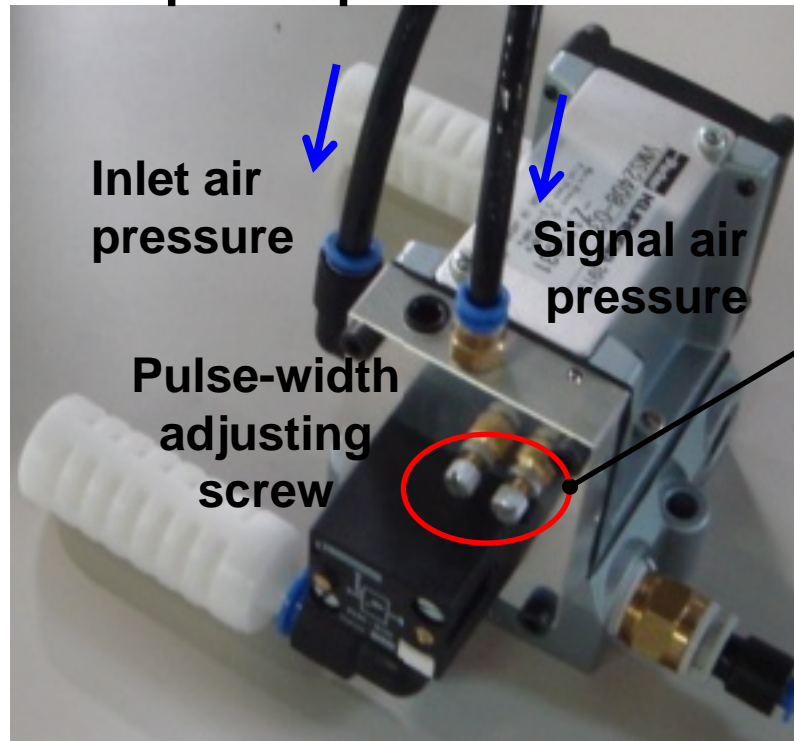
■ Apply the principle of unilateral electromagnetic solenoid valves.

<Pulse Generator Improvement Plan>

A spring is installed in the valve so that the spool always returns to the blow-off side.



Completed pulsed-air blower



2. Dispensing Volume Adjustable up to 1,500NL/min.



Let's examine the energy-saving effect using a real device.



10-5. Examination of Energy-Saving Effects Using Actual Device


Evaluation Test

<Selection of Process for Installation>

1. Time allowance to perform the test
2. Significant air consumption

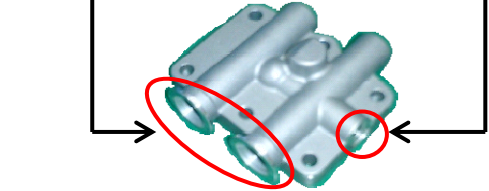
Hydraulic pressure cutting line (Before the completion inspection)

《Aim of Blow》
Improved productivity in the visual inspection process

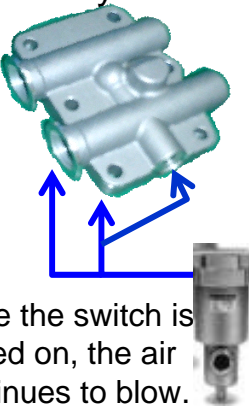


Removal of cutting water & swarf from the end section

Removal of cutting water & swarf from the $\Phi 20$ hole

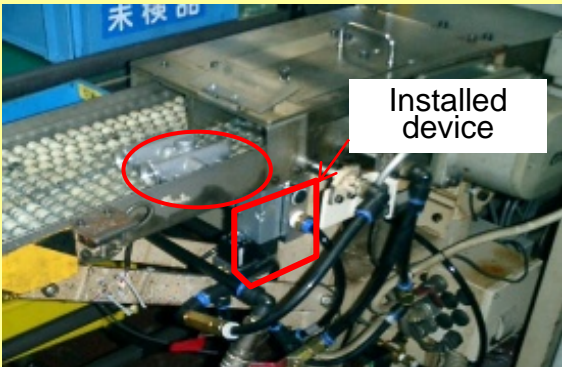


<Before Improvement>
Connected to the standby switch



Once the switch is turned on, the air continues to blow.

<After Improvement>
Pulsed Air Blow

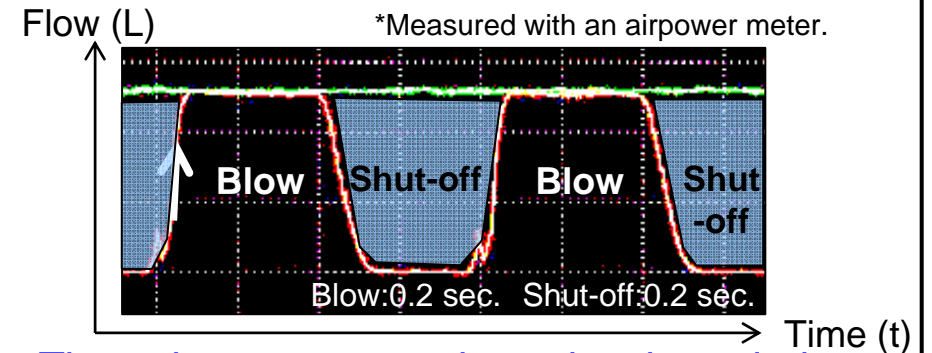


Installed device

The blow work requires minimum air.

Confirmation of Effects

1. Pulse status ... Measurement of flow waveform



The pulse wave was shaped as intended.

2. Quality Check

	Before	After
Level of Cleanliness Spec: (Max. particle size 0.5mm)	0.2	0.3
Inspector's Visibility (Workability)	Good	Good

The result was also satisfactory in terms of quality.

3. Reduction in CO₂ Emission

1.2t-CO₂/year (Oil Equivalent: 1.12KI/year)

(Effect of installation in the Dept.: **90.2t-CO₂/year**)

[Oil Equivalent: 84KI/year]



We successfully developed a low-cost, easy-to-attach pulse blow device.

11. Spreadability & Continuity of Improvements

Versatility and Spreadability

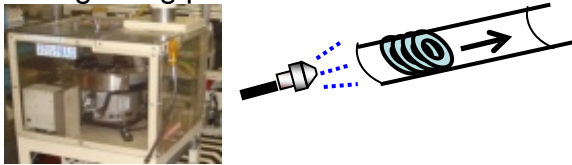
1. Development of Core HR (Energy Saving Leaders)

- Energy saving leaders' efforts activated the Department's energy-saving initiatives and fostered an energy-saving culture.
- The secretariat's expansion measures and the organized activities by the energy saving leaders (bottom-up activities) brought about synergy effects and achieved a significant reduction in CO₂.

2. Pulsed-Air Blow

<Versatility: Examples of Use of Pulse Blowers>

- Work feeding using pulsed-air blow



- Air blow to remove cutting swarf/foreign bodies
- Air blow to remove electricity
- Spraying of semidry cutting water

Applicable to most air blow work points.

<Spreadability: Listing in the manufacturer's catalog> Developed device

型式	LRD01-AFT	AS0500-1W-01	AS0500-1W-01	VMS3408-03-211-031	ASV0500-AA-04
切刃駆動方式		ノーマル駆動方式	ノーマル駆動方式		
外観形状 (標準寸法: L×D×H(mm))					
サイズ	84 × 62 × 55mm	69 × 70 × 55mm	69 × 70 × 55mm	130 × 62 × 55mm	140 × 62 × 105mm
駆動方式	サーボモーター駆動方式	電機駆動	電機駆動	サーボモーター駆動方式	サーボモーター駆動方式
駆動中心径	φ4	φ4.1	φ4.1	φ4.1	φ4.2
駆動電源	単相	DC24V	DC24V	単相	単相
使用圧力範囲	0.3-0.8MPa	0.2-0.7MPa	0.2-0.7MPa	0.3-0.8MPa	0.3-0.8MPa
流量	2200L/min(0.5MPa)	3000L/min (0.5MPa)	3000L/min (0.5MPa)	2000L/min(0.5MPa)	5000L/min (0.5MPa)
想定寿命*	約 3000 万回	1 億回	1 億回	約 3000 万回	約 3000 万回
標準価格 (円)	33,000	33,000	33,000	40,000	43,000

Currently expanding the application to offshore sites

Continuity of Improvements

1. Plan to Spread the Use of Pulsed-Air Blow to Existing Lines

Blow Method	Number of Locations Installed											
	FY2011			FY2012			FY2013					
	0	50	100	150	0	50	100	150	0	50	100	150
Connection to Master Valve	7→0											
Connection to Standby Switch	36→20			20→0								
Intermittent	116			116→65			65→0					
Pulsed-Air Blow	29			94			159					

2. Installation into Newly Launched Lines

Line Name	Lines Launched	1. Verification of Energy-Saving Efforts Implemented		
		Category	Item	Applicability
Integrated sleeve → Sprocket cutting → Cutting line for Company M → Assembly line for Company M	Apr. → May	1. Selection of Energy	Circle the energy being used: Electricity / Air / LNG / Steam / Water	
		2. Saving of air consumption in the plant	1. Electrification of air-driven devices 2. Switching to energy-saving nozzles 3. Use of air blowers in the air blow work 4. Elimination or electrification of air pressure booster valves 5. Electrification of vacuum generators 6. Electrification of air hydro-boosters 7. Electrification of air pumps 8. Anti-air-leakage measures 9. Installation of Pulsed-Air Blowers	Yes / No Yes / No Yes / No Yes / No Yes / No Yes / No Yes / No Yes / No Yes / No

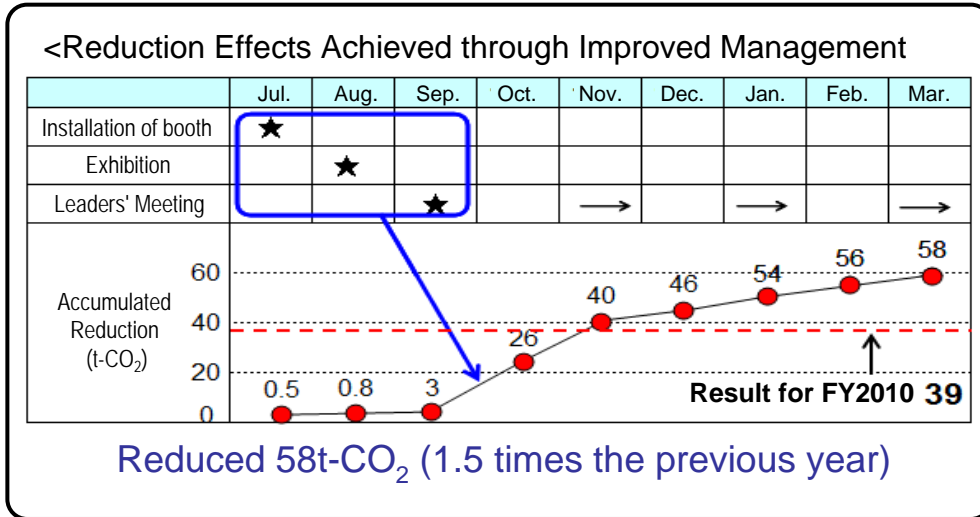
Examine whether the energy saving is considered from the planning stage.

Now we have built a foundation for the establishment of energy-saving (low-energy) facilities (our goal).

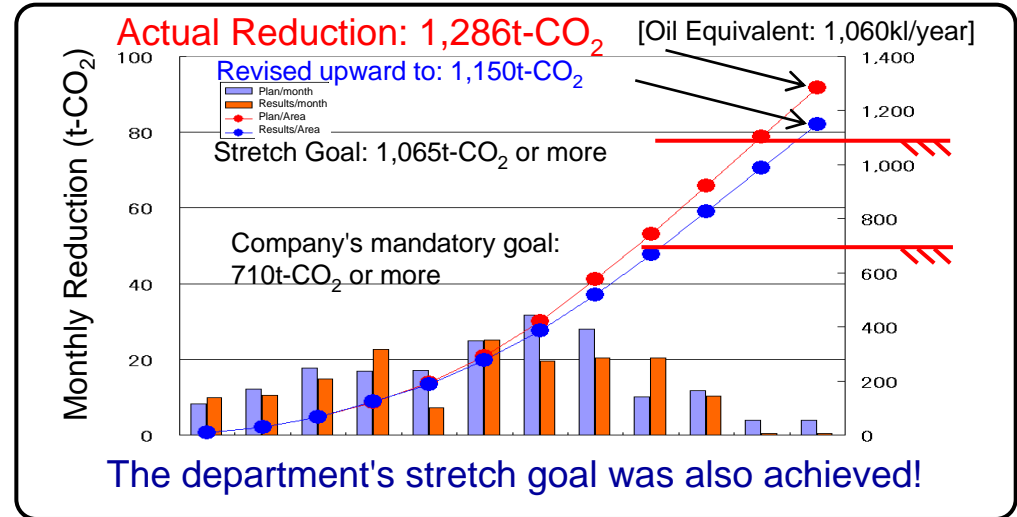


12. Summary of Energy-Saving Effects

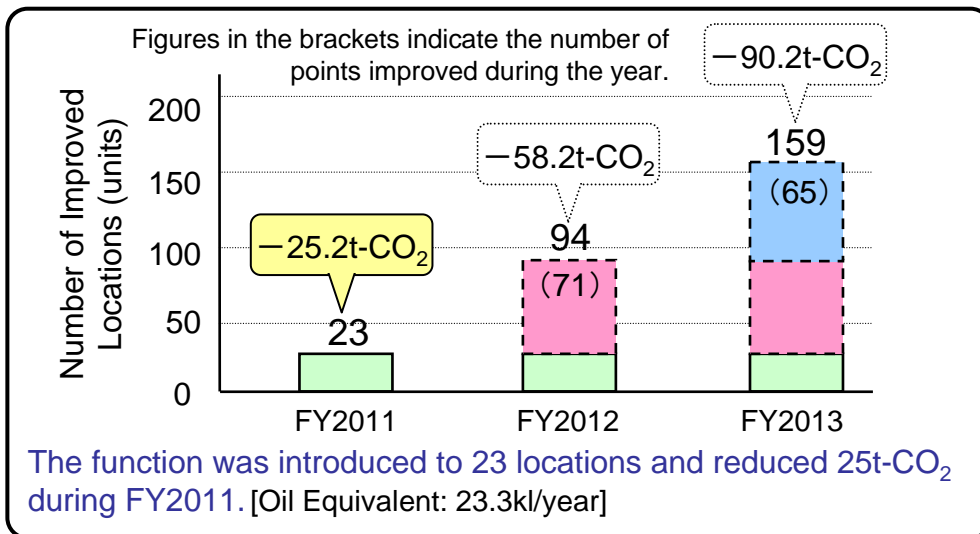
■ Effects of Core Human Resource Development



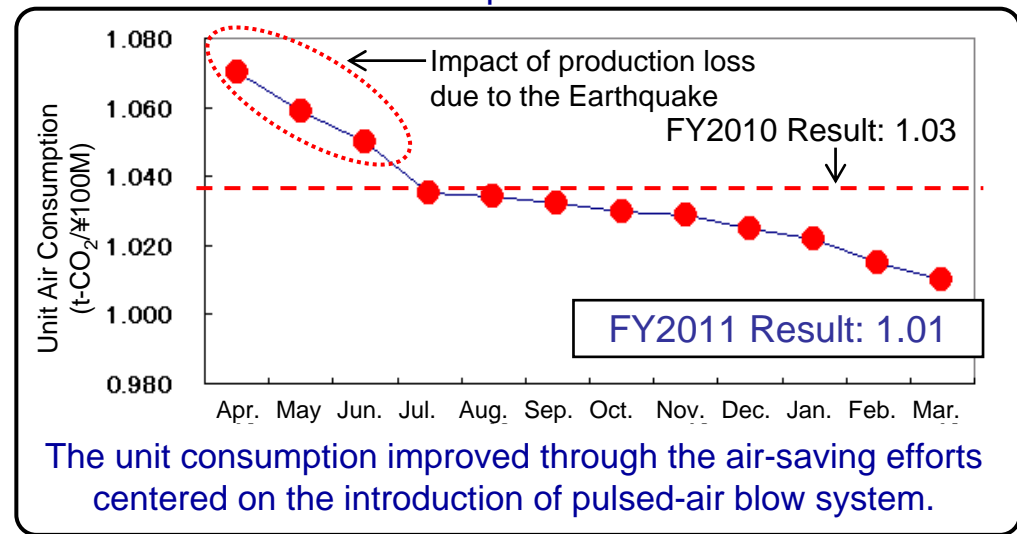
■ CO₂ Reduction within the Department



■ Effects of the Introduction of Pulsed-Air Blow Function



■ Actual Unit Air Consumption



For further effects, we will implement electricity reduction efforts by leveraging the momentum created through the current energy-saving initiatives.

