## MATURAL GAS

MARKET REVIEW

2009

INTERNATIONAL ENERGY AGENCY





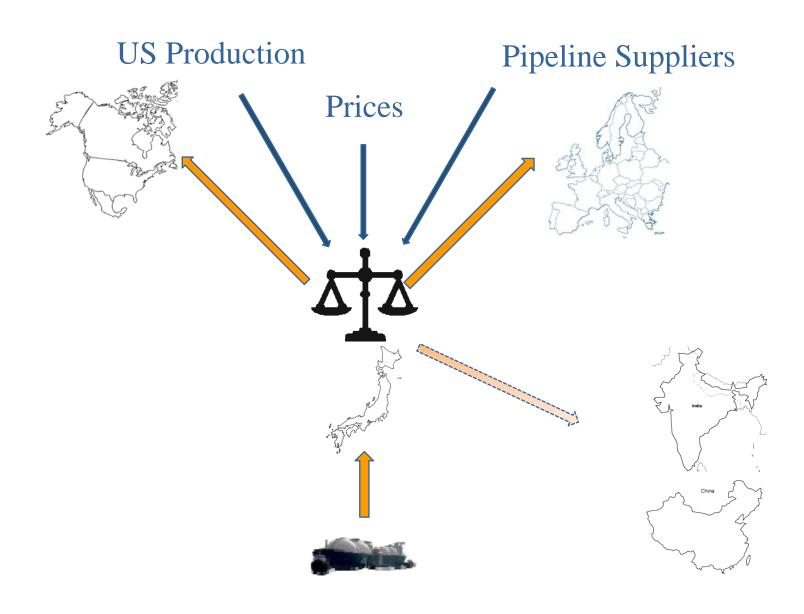
#### 2009 - Changing the scene

- Gas demand in OECD countries is weakening
  - Industrial demand down heavily
  - Demand in the power generation sector holds up where prices respond
- Over 60 bcm of new liquefaction capacity will come on line in 2009
  - Where will this be sold?
- Spot prices have come down sharply
  - From \$13/MBtu to around \$4/Mbtu
  - Oil-linked gas prices will bottom at \$6-7/Mbtu this summer
- Unconventional gas developments in North America have changed the scene
  - For how long at current price levels?
- Gas markets are becoming more interdependent, but regional issues remain

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# Gas markets are increasingly interdependent



#### **OECD Gas Demand**

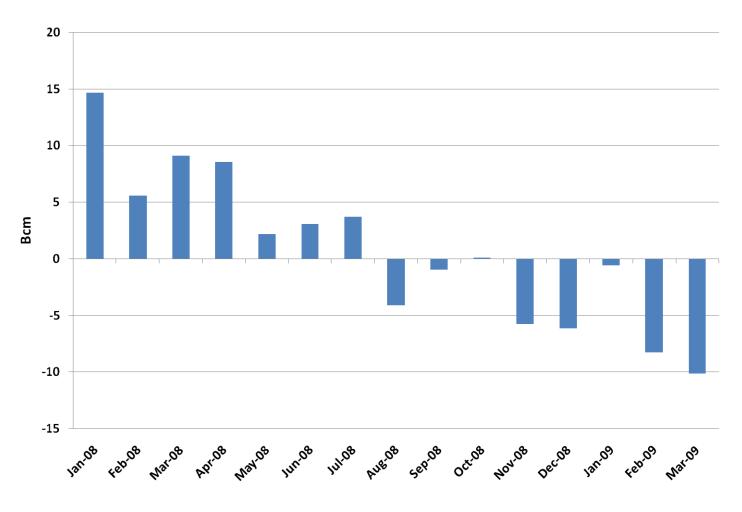
No sign of green shoots

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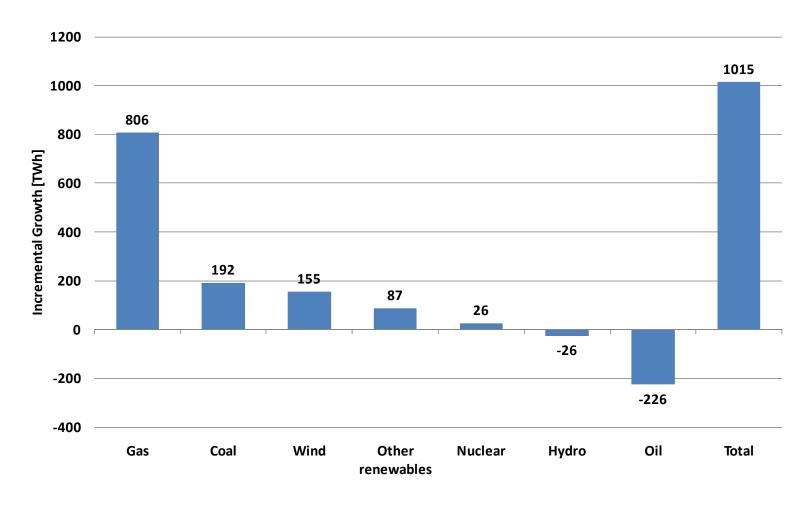
2009

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## **Gas – Main contributor to growth in electricity output in OECD this decade**





Source: IEA

Note: 2000-08 period



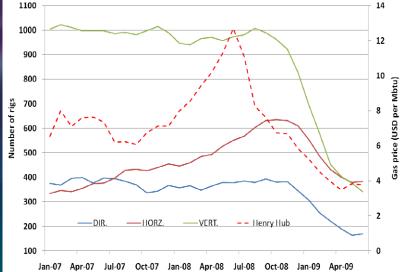
### Gas supply highlights

- OECD Production increased by 4% in 2008
  - All OECD regions are import dependent
  - Europe and OECD Pacific depend more on non-OECD gas supplies than North America
- Production increased strongly in North America
  - Strong growth of US unconventional gas production (+50 bcm)
- Production increased moderately in OECD Europe
  - Essentially driven by Norwegian production growth
  - Production is already, or will decline in most other European countries

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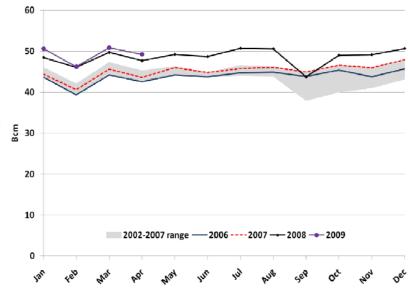
## 2009's wild card on the supply side US unconventional gas production

## Number of rigs vs. HH prices



Source: IEA, Baker Hughes

#### **US** gas production



Source: IEA, EIA

Not

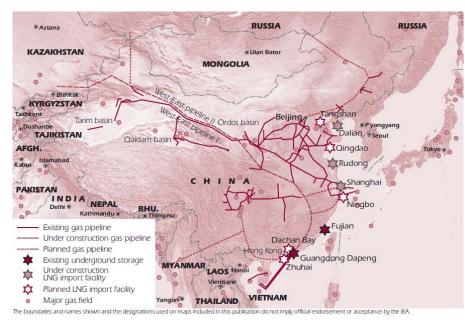
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Note: rigs in North America



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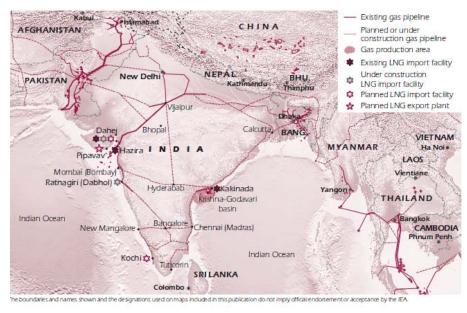
## China – Already third biggest non-OECD gas user



- Chinese gas use at near 80 bcm in 2008
  - Up from 69.5 bcm in 2007
  - Still less than 4% of Chinese TPES
- LNG contracts to import a minimum of 24 bcm of LNG by 2011.
- Plans to import up to 40 bcm of Turkmen gas by pipeline
- Ambitious targets for production



# India – Demand could double without supply constraints



- Gas plays a small part in India's energy needs
  - Barely 5% of TPES
- Demand is growing but supply constrained
- Domestic production to double by 2012
- LNG import capacity will increase from 13 bcm to 30 bcm by end-2009
- Domestic prices remain an issue
- Pipeline imports seem unlikely before 2015.

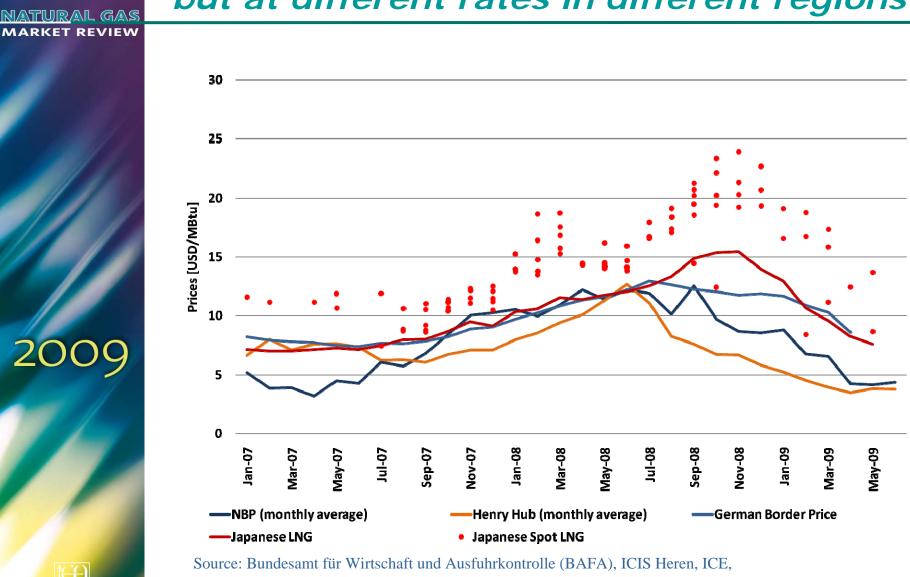


#### Gas price environment

- UK and US gas prices fell from USD 13-14 per MBtu in mid-2008, to at or below USD 4 per MBtu mid 2009
- Oil-linked gas prices in Continental Europe and Japan have been declining more slowly
  - They are expected to fall to around USD 6-7 per Mbtu during summer 2009
  - This makes LNG spot cargoes and other spot gas more interesting than oil-linked gas for European buyers
- NBP and HH gas prices are showing a degree of convergence due to
  - Easing supply and demand balance
  - Greater LNG trade linking regions more closely

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#### Gas prices fall but at different rates in different regions



Trade Statistics of Japan (Ministry of Finance), European Central Bank, Federal Reserve.





## LNG Markets What happened in 2008-09

- Strong demand growth, first half of 2008
- Little growth of output
  - Many force majeure problems (Arzew, Nigeria)
- Movements of cargoes from the Atlantic to the Pacific basin
  - Reduction of imports from the US
- In 2009, Asian demand has been declining substantially
  - Japan demand down by 6 10% during the first quarter
- More LNG available for the Atlantic basin
  - Demand still limited in the US, but Europe buys more
- Uncertainty for the second half of the year
  - US production? European demand...?

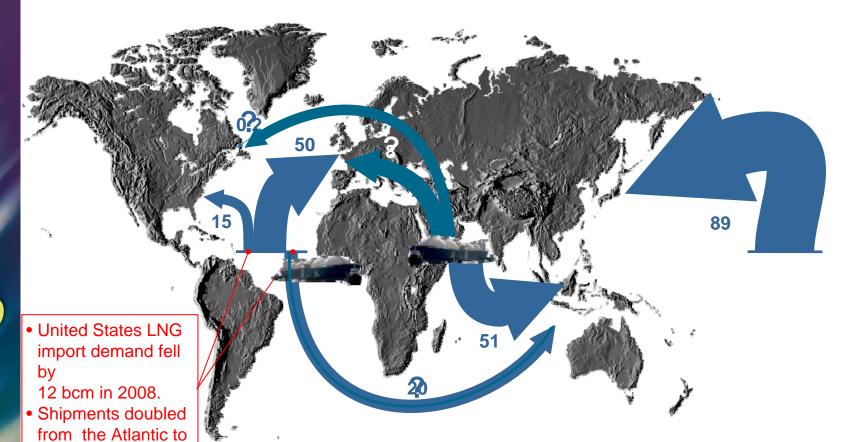
## LNG trade movements What to expect in 2009

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(bcm – preliminary data)

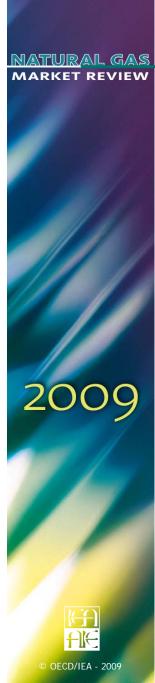
• 2009 could also see

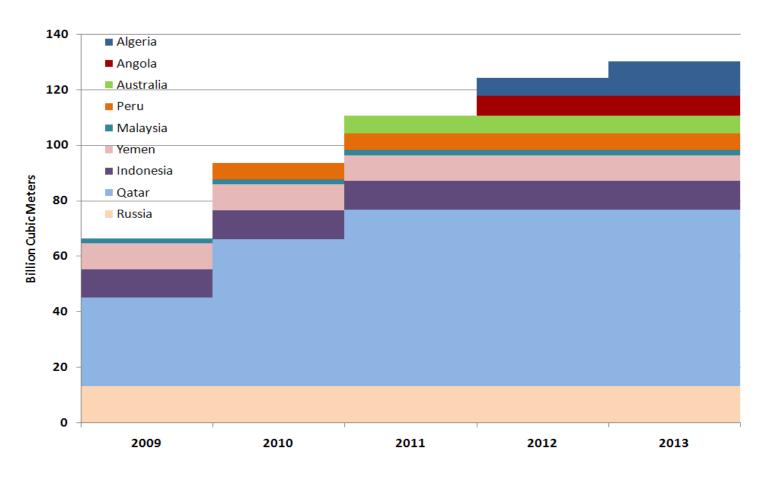
large swings.

Asia.

from to	Pacific	Middle East	Atlantic	total	share
Asia	89	51	20	160	68%
Europe	-	8	50	59	25%
Americas	-	0.2	15	15	7%
total	89	60	85	234	
share	38%	26%	36%		

#### Significant liquefaction capacity to start Capacity does not mean production ...





Source: IEA, NGMR 09

Note: Sakhalin II and Qatargas II Train 4 already operational



### The investment challenge

- The slow pace of upstream gas development was already a concern prior to the financial crisis
- Current global economic developments will sharply lower producer cash flows (both prices and volumes), while making demand growth more uncertain
- Investments are needed in all parts of the gas value chain to meet future demand needs
  - Capital intensive projects expected to make FIDs in 2009-10 will be the most affected by the current market conditions
- Given the uncertainties, there is a risk that some investments might be postponed
  - Companies reassess priorities and focus on less risky projects
- This could potentially lead to a tighter market
  - Gas demand has the potential to rebound quickly
  - Investments on the supply side are however constrained by long lead times



#### Liquefaction key questions

- When will the next generation arrive?
  - Very few FID taken over the past 3 years
  - A few projects are expecting to take FID this year and next
- What is the potential of slippage of projects under construction?

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## Developing the next generation of Russian gas fields

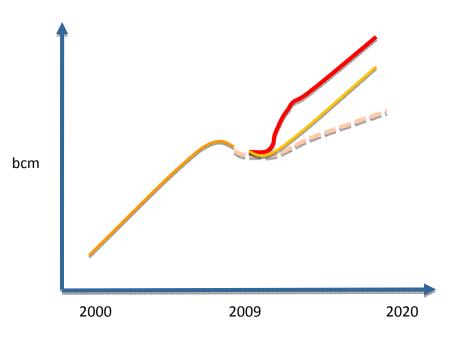


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## What would be the future gas demand path?

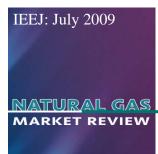
- How long will it take for demand to rebound?
- How quickly will it recover?



No investment in power generation and economic recovery lead to increased use of gas for power

Business as usual, gas is the fuel of default

Slow economic recovery, focus on efficiency and non-CO<sub>2</sub> emitting technologies



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#### **Natural Gas Market Review**

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